

MODEL  
SV540/640  
SERIES

⚠ Read this handbook thoroughly and understand the whole information contained before trying to operate, inspect and service your machine!

**OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS**

**SAKAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD.**

VIBRATING ROLLER

**MODEL**

**SV540/640 Series**

**SV540D SV540DF  
SV540T SV540TF  
SV540TB SV540FB  
SV640D SV640T**

From	SV540D	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV540T	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV540DF	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV540TF	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV540TB	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV540FB	→	3SV53	-	10101
	SV640D	→	3SV55	-	10101
	SV640T	→	3SV55	-	10101

**SAKAI®**

## PREFACE

This operator's manual serves as a guide for the use of your SAKAI SV540 Series and SV640 Series Vibrating Roller for those who are new to the machine, and also for the people who have experience in using the machine and want to refresh their knowledge for the machine.

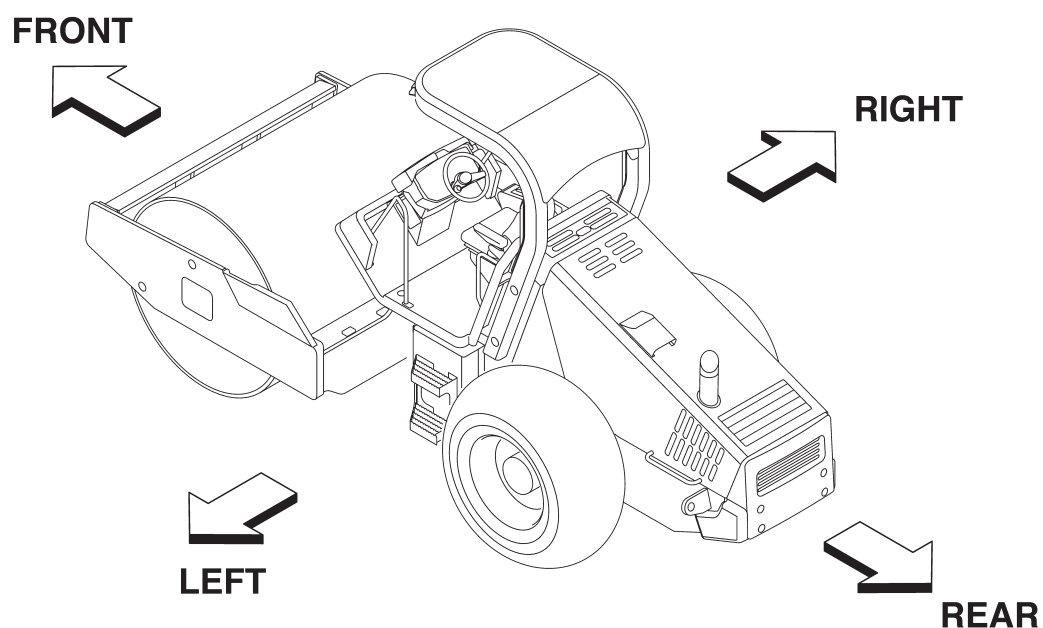
Read this manual thoroughly and try to fully understand the information before operating your machine. Keep this handbook at hand whenever you do your work.

When an instruction manual is lost or is damaged and is not legible, replace it immediately.

The main subjects of this manual are:

(1) Basic precautions for safety, (2) Operation, (3) Daily maintenance and (4) Specifications.

For operation and maintenance of the engine, refer to the Engine Instruction Manual furnished separately. Descriptions in this manual can differ from the machine instructions of your machine due to the results of the investigation and improvement in its design. If you have any inquiry regarding your Machine or this manual, contact our distributors.



**CONTENTS**

## PREFACE

MACHINE AND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS ..... 1

SAFETY NOTICES..... 2

1	BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.....	4
1.1	General Precautions.....	4
1.2	Preparation for Safe Operation.....	8
1.3	Before Starting the Engine.....	9
1.4	After Starting the Engine.....	11
1.5	During Operation.....	12
1.6	Loading and Unloading.....	16
1.7	Transportation.....	16
1.8	Handling the Battery.....	17
1.9	Towing.....	18
1.10	Before Servicing.....	19
1.11	During Servicing.....	21
1.12	Safety Decals.....	24
2	OPERATION.....	26
2.1	Instruments and Controls.....	26
2.1.1	Operator's station.....	26
2.1.2	Gauges, indicator lamps and warning lamps.....	27
2.1.3	Switches.....	31
2.1.4	Operating levers / pedals.....	35
2.1.5	Unloader valve.....	36
2.1.6	Fuse box.....	37
2.2	Handling and Adjustments.....	38
2.2.1	Seat adjustment.....	38
2.2.2	Scraper adjustment and replacement.....	39
2.2.3	Disengaging the brake when towing.....	40
2.2.4	Engine troubleshooting.....	41
2.3	Operation.....	42
2.3.1	Before-starting inspection.....	42
2.3.2	Starting the engine.....	43
2.3.3	After starting the engine.....	44
2.3.4	Traveling.....	45
2.3.5	Stopping / Parking.....	47
2.3.6	Stopping the engine.....	48
2.3.7	Check after stopping the engine.....	48
2.4	Vibratory Operation.....	49

2.5	Precautions for Work .....	51
2.5.1	Compaction operation .....	51
2.5.2	When going downhill .....	51
2.5.3	On a slope .....	51
2.6	Applicable Jobs .....	52
2.7	After Operation .....	53
2.8	Loading and Unloading .....	53
2.8.1	Use of a trailer equipped with a winch .....	54
2.8.2	Self-propelling .....	54
2.9	After Loading the Machine .....	55
2.10	Transportation .....	55
2.11	Operation in Cold Weather .....	55
2.11.1	Fuel oil and grease .....	55
2.11.2	Coolant .....	56
2.11.3	Battery .....	57
2.12	When the Cold Season is Over .....	58
2.13	For a Long Storage Period .....	58
2.14	During the Storage Period .....	59
2.15	When the Battery has Discharged .....	59
2.15.1	Connection and disconnection of booster cables .....	60
3	PERIODIC MAINTENANCE .....	62
3.1	Precautions .....	62
3.1.1	Lifting the machine by hoist .....	65
3.2	Walk-around Checking .....	66
3.2.1	Tire inflation pressure check .....	67
3.2.2	Checking for external injury to a tire .....	67
3.3	Periodic Maintenance Points .....	68
3.4	Maintenance Procedure .....	70
	(1) Every 10 service hours or daily .....	70
	(2) Every 50 service hours .....	73
	(3) Every 250 service hours .....	75
	(4) Every 500 service hours .....	78
	(5) Every 1000 service hours .....	81
	(6) As required .....	83
3.5	Consumable Parts .....	88
3.6	Fluid and Lubricant Capacities .....	90
3.7	Electric Wiring Diagram .....	92
4	SPECIFICATIONS .....	95

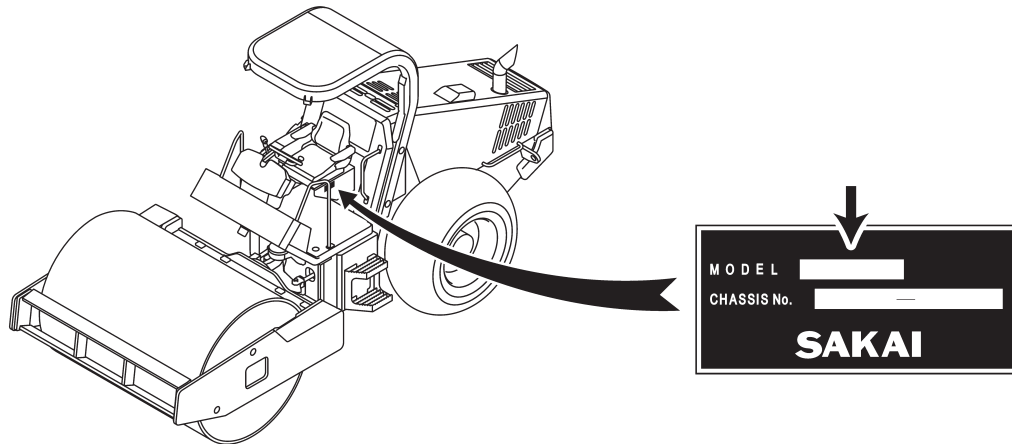


## MACHINE AND ENGINE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

When ordering parts or making inquiries about your machine, the following information is requested:

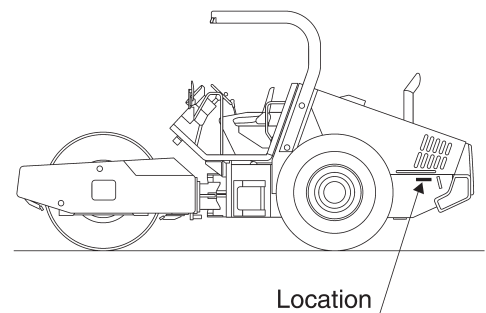
### (1) Machine model

Indicated on the nameplate of the right side of the operator's seat.

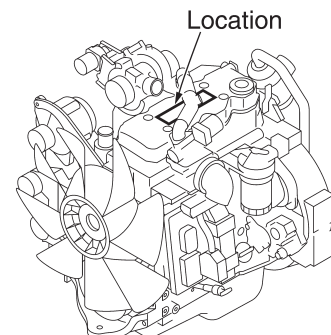


### (2) Machine serial number

SV540D	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV540T	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV540DF	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV540TF	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV540TB	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV540FB	⇒	3SV53	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV640D	⇒	3SV55	-	○	○	○	○	○
SV640T	⇒	3SV55	-	○	○	○	○	○



### (3) Engine serial number




## **SAFETY NOTICES**

For the safe use of your machine, correct handling and periodical maintenance are of utmost importance. Thoroughly read the safety precautions described in this manual. Do not attempt to operate and maintain your machine until you gain a full understanding of these safety statements.


This manual covers the proper and safe method of driving and handling of this machine for its intended use. When this machine is used in a manner other than those covered in this manual, you must assume responsibility for your own personal safety.

In this manual and on the machine, you will find safety notices. Each safety notice starts with a signal word as shown below:


 **DANGER**

**Denotes that there is an extreme hazard. If you fail to take proper precautions, it is highly likely that you could be killed or seriously injured (The color of the symbol  is red).**

 **WARNING**

**Denotes that there is a hazard. If you fail to take proper precautions, you could be killed or seriously injured (Symbol  is orange).**

 **CAUTION**

**Calls attention to safety practices. If you fail to take proper precautions, you could be injured or cause damage to the machine (Symbol  is yellow).**

It is almost impossible for the safety notices in this manual and on the machine to cover all the potential dangers. Keep alert to possible dangers not mentioned in this manual and on the decals.

**! WARNING**

**Do not operate your machine before you read its operator's manual thoroughly.  
Incorrect operation can kill or cause injury.  
It is your responsibility to operate the machine safely.**

- ☆ Making alterations to the machine.  
Please do not make alterations to the machine without permission for safety reasons.  
We shall not be held responsible for injuries, death or breakdowns caused by alterations.
- ☆ Basic precautions for safe operation of your machine are described beginning on page 4.
- ☆ To operate and work with your machine, you must be qualified.





**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **1. BASIC PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY**

#### **1.1 General Precautions**

##### **■ Ensure proper management of health**

- People under the influence of alcohol, drugs, lack of sleep or health problems must avoid driving or repairing the machine at all times, as it may lead to serious accidents.

##### **■ Turn off cell phones**

- Turn off cell phones while driving or repairing the machine. Never drive while talking on a cell phone, as it may lead to serious accidents.

##### **■ Read the operator's manual thoroughly**

- Understand the functions of the controls and gauges. Familiarize yourself with their location and how to operate them. Understand the meaning of all the symbols.



##### **■ When an instruction manual is lost or is damaged and is not legible, replace it immediately**

##### **■ Understanding the uses for the machine**

- This machine was developed and manufactured mainly for the purpose of rolling compaction in engineering works. Do not use it for any other purpose. Vibration rolling compaction under conditions of excessive compaction, or using it to crush rocks can damage the machine.

##### **■ Obey the worksite rules**

- Follow noise standards and worksite rules such as matters forbidden or to be attended to, and working procedures.





**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Wear protective clothing appropriate to work

- Wear clothing, safety shoes and hard hat to suit your work.
- Do not wear clothing and accessories that tend to get caught in the controls or protruded portions of the machine. Do not wear oily clothing.
- Depending on the type of job, wear gloves, earplugs safety goggles or a mask.



### ■ Know the work area in advance

- Know the terrain, geology and conditions of the road surface at the worksite. Start working after securing safety such as stationing a guardsman or putting up barriers where there is a risk of falling of the machine or collapse of shoulder.

### ■ The operator must make prior checks when moving the machine to a hazardous area under unusual conditions

### ■ Provide against an accident

- Decide in advance the means of communication in an emergency. Know the location and use of an extinguisher and first-aid kit.

### ■ Realize the capability of the machine

- Thoroughly understand the performance of your machine and correctly operate the machine to meet the requirements of the job site. Operating the machine beyond its capabilities may lead to an accident. Use your machine within its capability.

### ■ The machines not equipped with ROPS must not be operated on the slope or unsafe ground

### ■ The machines not equipped with CABIN must not be operated in the bad weather or a harmful contaminated zone



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⚠ **WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Do not use a machine which has not been serviced correctly at regular intervals

- Before working, perform necessary inspections. Start operation only after making certain the machine is in good operating condition. If found to be abnormal, report to the responsible person and have the fault corrected. Operate the machine after making sure that it is safe to operate.

### ■ Do not allow anyone to enter the work area except for authorized personnel

- Always conduct the work paying attention to the workers around the machine.



### ■ Beware when operating moving parts

- When operating moving parts such as covers, be sure to understand the way they move and take care not to get the hands and feet caught.

### ■ Operator must sit in the seat when operating the machine

### ■ Be careful of hot parts

- After your machine has operated for some time, the coolant, engine oil and hydraulic fluid will become hot and the pressure will build up. If, in this state, you try to remove the filler caps, drain the oil or replace the filters, you can get burned. Perform this work in accordance with the correct procedures with the machine cooled down.
- To remove the radiator cap, slowly loosen the cap to relieve the pressure with the engine stopped and the coolant cooled down (For the radiator cap with a lever, lift the lever to release the trapped pressure).
- When removing the filler cap on the hydraulic tank, release the trapped pressure by turning it out slowly to prevent the oil from gushing out (For the cap with a lever, lift the lever to release the trapped pressure).
- While the engine is running or immediately after it has been stopped, do not touch the engine, muffler, exhaust pipes, oil hydraulic pumps, oil hydraulic motors, lights, etc., as they will be hot.
- Resin and metallic parts may become hot under direct sunlight on a hot day. Direct contact with such parts may cause burns, so be sure to wear clothing and protective equipment appropriate for the job.



**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Be careful with fire

- The fuel, oil, and anti-freeze will catch fire if open flames or ignition sources are used close to them. Particularly, the fuel is highly flammable.



- Do not smoke or use a match or cigarette lighter close to inflammables (combustibles).
- When refueling, stop the engine and do not smoke.
- The filler caps of the fuel and oil tanks must be kept tight.



### ■ Ensuring safety in a fire

- Machine fires may cause serious injuries or death, so stop the engine by turning the starter switch to the “OFF” position, then move away from the machine as quickly as possible.

### ■ While the engine is running or immediately after it has been turned off, do not touch the muffler, exhaust pipe or DPF

- While the engine is running or immediately after it has been turned off, do not touch the muffler, exhaust pipe or DPF, as they will be hot.

### ■ Mount on or dismount from your machine after it has come to a complete stop

- For getting on and off, face the machine and use the handrail and step.
- Watch your step when getting on or off the machine.
- Do not jump on or off a machine, particularly when it is moving.

### ■ Be careful not to fall

- Falling off the machine may cause serious injuries or death, so do not place your feet anywhere other than on the steps, and in the driver’s seat.

### ■ Do not lock out yourself when leaving the machines

- Always bring the key with you by pulling it out from the starting switch when leaving the machine.

⚠ **WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ To handle the hydraulic fluid

- Wear safety goggles to protect your eyes from contact with hydraulic fluid. It can irritate your eyes.  
If the fluid contacts your eyes, flush with clean water for 15 minutes and get medical aid.
- The fluid can also irritate your skin. When handling it, wear rubber gloves to avoid contact with it. In case of skin contact, wash with soap and water.
- Be careful not to swallow the fluid. It can cause diarrhea and emesis.  
If swallowed, do not try to vomit. Get medical help immediately.



### ■ Do not use worn tires (Tire installed)

- Tires may be damaged when they are scratched on curb stones, when the machine runs over irregular surfaces of roads or projections on roads, and when the machine is operated suddenly.
- Continued use of damaged tires will cause them to blow out. Replace them with new ones.

## 1.2 Preparation for Safe Operation

### ■ Clean the step, operator's station and floor board and brake pedal

- Do not place parts, tools or unnecessary articles on the step, operator's station and floor board.
- Keep the step, floor board, brake pedal, controls and handholds free from muds, oil, ice or water, as they can cause slippage. Repair them if found to be damaged. Tighten loose bolts.
- Keep your boot soles free of oil or muds. They can slip, leading to an accident.

### ■ Inspect your machine before operation

- Check your machine for damage such as cracks and deformation. If found to be abnormal, operate the machine after taking a proper measure to secure safety.
- Check the level of fluids (fuel, engine oil, coolant, anti-freeze and hydraulic oil). Add as necessary.
- Check the area where the machine has parked for signs of leakage of oil, fuel and water. If any leakage is noticeable, determine the cause and make corrections immediately.

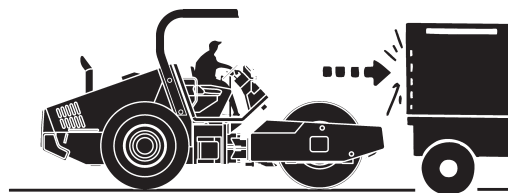


**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Watch your distance

- When traveling on a road, bear in mind the stopping distance. Avoid excessive speed, and abrupt starting and stopping, and moving in a zigzag direction.



### ■ Understand ROPS functions (with ROPS)

- Ensure that there is no loose bolt, crack nor rust on the bodies and the attaching portions, of ROPS.
- Tighten bolts with the specified torques after ROPS are removed.  
Tightening torque : **883 N · m**
- Do not weld nor drill holes to the ROPS parts without the permissions from SAKAI, because it may decrease strengths of the ROPS.

## 1.3 Before Starting the Engine

### ■ It is confirmed that hood and door is closed

- Please confirm hood and door has put it away in the confirmation before it gets on.

### ■ Adjust the operator's seat to your most effective operating position

- Sit on the operator's seat. Adjust the seat so that your back will make contact with the seat back when the brake pedal is pressed down to the full extent. Check to be sure that the brake pedal can be fully pressed down without difficulty when you twist your body for reverse run.
- Adjust the seat to allow proper operation of the steering wheel, levers, switches, etc.

### ■ Secure good visibility (with CABIN)

- Keep the windowpanel clean.
- Lock the windows and doors no matter whether they are open or closed.
- Do not leave the doors half-closed.

### ■ Secure forward and backward visibilities

- Adjust the rear view mirrors and under mirrors for good visibility. If dirty, clean them. If damaged, replace.





**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **■ Check that the horn, lamps and gauges work correctly**

### **■ Before starting, make certain that each lever is in the neutral position and the parking brake is applied**

### **■ When starting, sound the horn**

- Before starting the engine. Make sure there is no one in the immediate vicinity and there are no obstructions around the machine.



### **■ Sit in the driver's seat and turn on the engine**

- Do not start the engine anywhere other than from the driver's seat as there is the danger of operational mistakes.

### **■ Pay attention to ventilation**

- Exhaust fumes are dangerous if breathed in. When starting the engine in an enclosed area, provide good ventilation with windows and doors opened.



### **■ Do not stand close to the exhaust gas pipe opening**

- The exhaust gas from the engine is dangerous.
- Exhaust fumes are harmful if breathed in.



**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **1.4 After Starting the Engine**

#### **■ Secure safety around the machine**

- Ensure that the area around the machine is clear of personnel and obstructions. Moreover, honk the horn, indicate your intention to move, and wait a while before moving off.



#### **■ Warm up the Engine**

- Do not put your machine into motion immediately after the engine has started, let it idle for several minutes until it is at operating temperature.
- Check the area where the machine has parked for signs of leakage or oil, fuel and water. If any leakage is noticeable, determine the cause and make corrections immediately.

#### **■ Have a trial run**

- Make a test run in a safe place to check that there are no abnormal signs. If found to be abnormal, correct the fault before traveling again.
- Listen for unusual sounds, and check for abnormal temperature rise. If abnormal, park the machine in a safe place and find the source of trouble before operating.





**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **1.5 During Operation**

#### **■ Strictly observe the traffic regulations**

- Follow all the traffic regulations when driving on a public road.

#### **■ Sit in the driver's seat before starting operation**

- Sit in the driver's seat before starting operation. Be sure to wear the seat belt when provided.

#### **■ Seat belt (with seat belt)**

- Be sure to wear the seat belt during operation.

#### **■ No other person but the operator**

- This machine is a one-man roller. Do not allow anyone to get on. Only the operator is allowed on this machine while it is running or in operation.

#### **■ Before mounting, be sure areas around the machine are safe**

- Before getting on the machine, make certain that there are no obstacles around the machine and no workers under it. If some workers are present or close to the machine, tell them that the machine is about to move, warning them to stay away from it.

#### **■ Do not try to get on or off a moving machine**

- Get on or off the machine after making sure it has come to a complete stop and the parking brake is applied.





**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

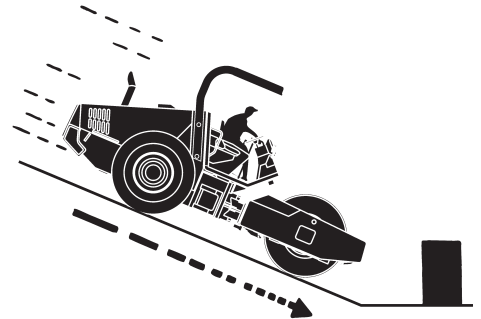
## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Do not let anyone enter the work area

- There is the danger of being run over causing serious injuries or death.
- If the driver does not have a clear field of vision, assign a conductor ensure peripheral safety.

### ■ To go uphill or downhill, run at a low speed. Do not attempt to shift speeds while traveling on a slope

- Shifting speeds on a slope can cause unexpected running down the slope.
- Going down hill at speeds other than low range can cause the machine to run down violently.



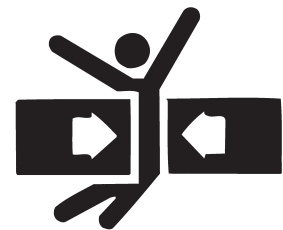
### ■ Refrain from inattentive driving

- Inattentive driving or driving relying on guess work can cause an accident. Use extreme care for workers present in the path of the machine or around it. In case of danger, stop and sound the horn, and proceed when the area is clear of personnel or obstructions.

### ■ When changing the direction of travel, secure the safety on the path in the travel direction

### ■ Keep everyone away from the pinch points

- When making turns, do not allow anyone to come close to the pinch point.





**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **■ At night, carefully drive the machine**

- Nighttime driving tends to frustrate the sense of distance. Carefully drive the machine at a speed suited to illumination. Keep the headlamps and flood lamps lighted. If necessary, provide extra lighting in the work area.

### **■ Avoid long hours of continual operation**

- Avoid long hours of continual operation as it may lead to loss of health.

### **■ Repair as soon as possible if found to be defective**

- If the machine is found to be faulty, stop the machine and repair. Do not operate the machine until the problem is corrected. When any warning lamp indicates faulty operation, inspect the machine after moving it to the nearest safe location.

### **■ The machines not equipped with ROPS must not be operated on the slopes or unsafe ground**

### **■ The machines not equipped with CABIN must not be operated in the bad weather or a harmful contaminated**

### **■ Do not operate the machine except from the operator's seat. Do not drive in a standing posture**

- Do not throw your legs out or lean forward. Be sure to sit in the proper position while driving the machine.

### **■ While making turns, do not run at abnormally high speed and do not turn the steering wheel abruptly and sharply. High speed turns, especially on soft or uneven ground, could result in a rollover**

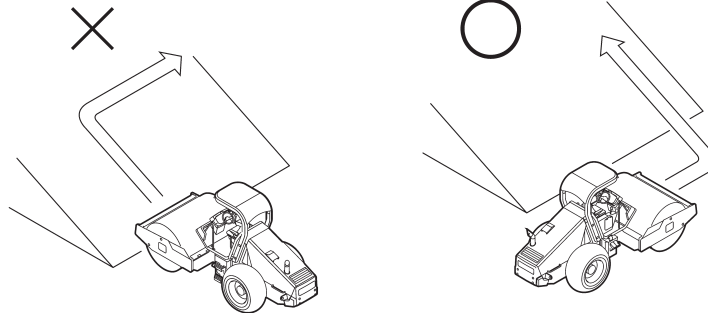
### **■ For the traveling on structures such as a bridge, make certain that they can support your machine. Before traveling on the structure, you must know the load capacity of the structure and the load weight of the machine you are operating to insure safe travel across the structure**



**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

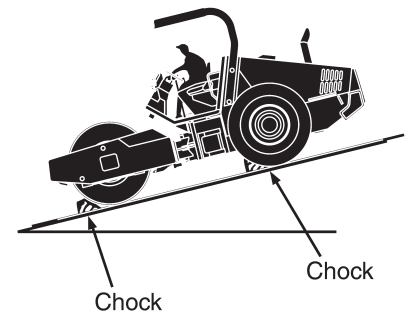
- **Do not make turns on a slope and do not travel across sidehill. If necessary to do so, go down straight along the slope to the flat ground, move sideways and go up straight to the destination**



- **On a step slope, run the machine at low speed**

### ■ When parking

- Select level and hard ground. If necessary to park on a slope, chock the front of the drum and tire on the downside of the slope.
- When required to park on the public road, provide necessary markings such as flag, barriers and illumination. However, be sure they do not obstruct traffic.
- Stop the engine when getting off the machine. Remove the key from the starter switch, and make sure it is stored appropriately.
- Be sure not to get your hands caught in the chocks when handling them.

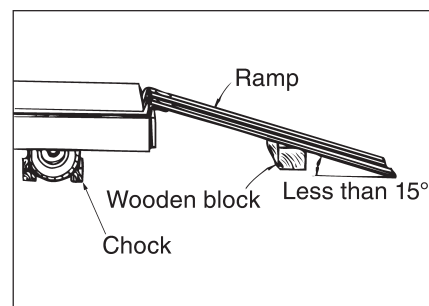


⚠ **WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### 1.6 Loading and Unloading

- Loading and unloading can accompany any danger. Use extreme care.
- Select level and hard ground leaving a sufficient distance from the shoulder of a road or bank.
- Use sturdy ramps with proper width, length and thickness which allow safe loading and unloading. If they deflect considerably under load, apply wooden blocks to reinforce the ramps.
- To prevent your machine from crosswise slippage, keep the ramps free from oil, mud, debris, etc. The drum must also be free from extraneous matter that can cause slippage.
- Do not steer your machine on the ramps. If the machine is facing in the wrong direction, go back off the ramp, correct the direction and try again.
- Do not use kinked, twisted or damaged wirerores for crane or winch operation. Use ones with ample strength.
- When loading is complete, fix the machine with wooden blocks placed under the drums and chains fastened to the machine.



### 1.7 Transportation

- Follow required regulations.
- Select a transporting route according to the overall width, overall height and gross weight of the trailer with the machine loaded.
- Know the maximum height clearance of the machine loaded on the transport trailer before hauling under bridges and other structures.

**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### 1.8 Handling the Battery

#### ■ When handling the battery

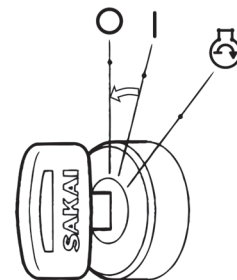
- Battery electrolyte contains sulphuric acid. It will destroy clothing and skin. If it touches your clothing or skin, flush with large quantities of water.
- In case of eye contact, flush with clean water and get medical help.
- If swallowed, drink large amount of water, milk, beaten egg or vegetable oil, and get medical help.
- Wear safety goggles when handling the battery. Wear safety goggles, full face shield, rubber gloves and rubber apron when adding fluids to the battery.
- Keep cigarettes and flames away, and avoid recharging the battery in poorly ventilated places when there is a danger or generating sparks.



#### ⚠ WARNING

**Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hand after handling.**

- Inspect or handle the battery with the engine stopped and the starter switch in the "O" position.
- Keep metallic items such as tools away from the battery terminals.
- Tangled terminals may generate sparks due to improper connections, resulting in the danger of explosions. Make sure terminals are connected firmly.
- The battery is for starting the engine and operating electrical equipment on the machine. Do not use it for any other purpose.
- Do not charge battery when the top surfaces of the liquids are at the LOWER level (the minimum liquid level) or below. Not only the internal parts of the battery are degraded and the battery lifetime are shortened but also it can cause explosions if you continue on using the battery when the top surfaces of the liquids are at the LOWER level or below. Immediately supply water until the water level is between the UPPER and LOWER levels.

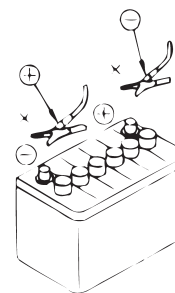


⊕  
⚠ **WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Jump-starting the engine

- Wear safety goggles when jump-starting the machine.
- When starting from another machine, do not allow the two machines to make contact with each other.
- When connecting the battery cables, start with the positive terminal. For disconnection, start with the negative one.
- Do not allow a tool to bridge between the positive terminal and machine body. This can generate dangerous sparks.
- Do not connect the booster cable to wrong the terminal. Never connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal or the body of the machine.
- Final connection to the engine block of the disabled machine can cause sparks. The connecting point should be as far as possible from the battery.



### 1.9 Towing

- Towing should only be carried out in emergencies and over short distances. A trailer should be used for long distance transport.
- The machine should not be operated while being towed.
- Follow the instructions in this manual to enable towing.
- Do not tow if the braking system has broken down, as it is dangerous.
- To tow the machine, use cables with ample strength.
- Do not perform towing on a slope.
- Be sure to attach a wire rope firmly to the towing hook.
- Do not use twisted, kinked or damaged cables when towing.
- Do not step over the wire rope.
- Keep everyone away from the space between the machine and the towing machine when connecting the two.
- Align the connection points of the disabled machine and the towing machine in a straight line when connecting the machines.

**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### 1.10 Before Servicing

#### ■ Attach warning tags when servicing the machine

- Serious accidents can occur if the machine is unexpectedly started or controls carelessly touched by an unauthorized person.
- Attach a warning tag at a clearly visible location in the operator's station and insure the key has been removed from the starter switch.



#### ■ Setting the chocks

- Set chocks in front of and behind the roller drum (wheels) to prevent the machine from moving before beginning inspections or maintenance work.

#### ■ Use proper tools

- It is very dangerous to use damaged or deteriorated tools or to use tools for other purposes than intended. Use correct tools for their intended use only.



#### ■ Change safety-related parts at regular intervals

- Change any seatbelt found to be abnormal even if it is within its recommended service interval.
  - Change any ROPS found to be abnormal even if it is within its recommended service interval.
  - Replace fuel hose, high pressure hydraulic hoses and liquid hoses regularly to prevent fire. Replace high pressure hoses of the power steering system every two years.
- ☆ Change these parts at regular intervals even if found to be normal. They will deteriorate as time goes on.
- ☆ Change any hose found to be abnormal even if it is within its recommended service interval.

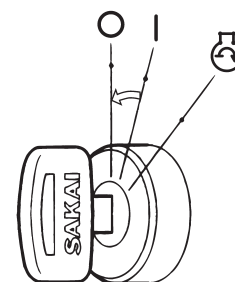


⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Inspect or service your machine with the engine stopped

- If required to keep the engine running in such a case as radiator interior cleaning, perform the work with two persons. One of them should sit on the operator's seat getting ready for shutting down the engine. He must take care not to touch any of controls carelessly. Maintenance personnel must exercise extreme caution not to make contact with moving parts.



### ■ Supplying fuel, oils and grease

- Do not cover the filler port when refueling. Feeding fuel in an airtight tank might damage the fuel tank.
- Spilled fuel or oil will be slippery. Wipe up immediately. Keep the filler caps tight. Do not use fuel for flushing oil. Handle fuel and oil in a well ventilated area.

### ■ Check the coolant level in the radiator

- To check the coolant level, stop the engine and allow the engine and radiator to cool down before removing the radiator cap. Remove the cap by covering it with a rag before removing to prevent any fluid that could spray under pressure from causing a burn.

### ■ Illumination

- For inspecting the level of the fuel, oil, coolant and battery electrolyte, use explosion-proof illuminations. Failure to use this type of illumination can result in an explosion.



### ■ Make sure the gas dampers are properly maintained

- Before inspecting the engine room, make sure the gas dampers holding up the hood are firmly engaged. Furthermore, in machines with stays to prevent the hood from closing, make sure they are firmly in place.

### ■ Points to beware of when filling the sprinkler tank with water (on machines equipped with a sprinkler tank)

- Do not fill the tank with the water inlet blocked. It may damage the sprinkler tank.



**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### 1.11 During Servicing

#### ■ Keep unauthorized persons away

- During service, do not allow persons not concerned to enter the work area, particularly when grinding or welding operation is performed or heavy hammers are being used.



#### ■ Assume an appropriate posture while working

- An unnatural posture during maintenance work may cause injuries. Assume a posture that is appropriate for the work being carried out.

#### ■ Keep your machine clean

- Spilled oil, grease or scattered debris are dangerous. Always keep your machine clean. Moisture that penetrates into the electrical system can cause malfunctions. Do not use water to clean sensors, connectors and the operator's station.

#### ■ Take care not to get caught or crushed

- Be sure to fix the hood and other covers after opening them to prevent closing and avoid getting caught in them.
- If there is a need to crawl under the machine after it has been lifted, be sure to support it from underneath with a solid prop or block.

#### ■ When repairing the electrical system

- Read the warnings in this manual regarding the handling of batteries, and make sure to have a thorough understanding in order to handle them appropriately and safely.
- When repairing the electrical system or welding, disconnect the negative cable from the battery to shut off the electricity. Carrying out work while the cables are connected to the negative terminal may cause electrocution or explosions.



**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **■ Carefully handle high pressure hoses**

- Do not try to bend or hit hoses against a hard object. Do not use hoses or pipes that are bent or damaged. They will burst.
- Replace damaged fuel hose, hydraulic hoses and liquid hoses.  
An oil, hydraulic and liquid fluid spill can cause a fire.

### **■ Be careful of high pressure hydraulic fluid**

- Bear in mind that the working equipment hydraulic systems are under internal pressure. Do not perform adding, draining, inspection or servicing of the hydraulic systems until the internal pressure has been relieved. Hydraulic fluid leaking through a fine hole at high pressure can penetrate your skin and eyes. Inspect leakage by holding a hard board close to suspected leaks wearing goggles. If affected by high pressure oil, get medical help immediately.



### **■ Be careful of hot parts**

- After the machine has been operated for some time, the coolant, engine oil and hydraulic fluid will become hot.
- Removing the radiator cap or draining the coolant or oil can burn you. Perform this work in accordance with correct procedures after the systems have cooled down.



### **■ Use care when inspecting or servicing fan or belts in motion**

- Do not wear clothing and accessories that tend to get caught in moving parts.
- Do not let your body or tools make contact with the fan blades or belts. They can be cut seriously.

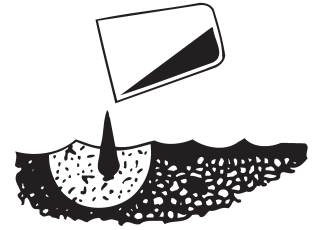


**⚠ WARNING:** Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### ■ Used oil disposal

- Do not throw used oil into a drain or waterway. Drain the oil from the machine into a proper container. Do not drain directly on the ground.
- Obey all local, state and federal environment regulations for the proper disposal of oil, fuel, coolant, battery electrolyte or any other fluids.



### ■ Take care in handling the gas damper

- Never dismantle it.
- Do not throw it into a fire.
- Do not damage the rod.
- Do not bend the tube or rod, or use it as a handle.
- When disposing of it, be sure to fix the gas damper, and drill a hole around 2 to 3 mm in diameter, about 20 to 30 mm from the edge on the tube bracket side. Dispose of it after releasing the gas pressure. When doing this, be sure to wear protective goggles because of the danger of oil inside or swarfs getting sprayed everywhere by the compressed gas inside.

### ■ Exercise extreme care when replacing and repairing tires (Tire installed)

- Disassembly, repair and reassembly of tires require special facility and knowledge. Have them repaired at work shop specialized in handling tires.
- An improperly fitted tire can separate from the rim when inflating.
- When dismantling a tire, chock other tires for safety.
- When welding job is carried out near the tires, use extreme care, as this can cause an explosion of the tires.



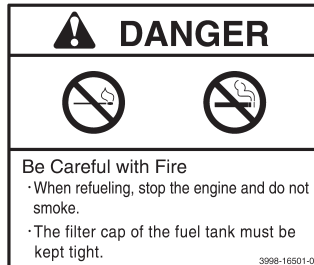
**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## 1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

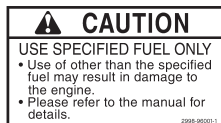
### 1.12 Safety Decals

Keep all decals clean. If lost, replace with new one. There are decals other than those shown below: Treat them in the same manner as the one shown here.

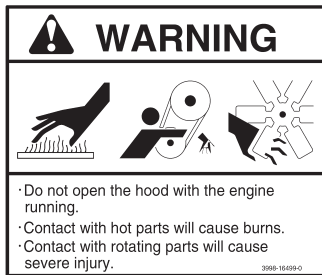
① 3998-16501-0



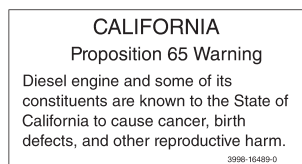
② 2998-96001-1



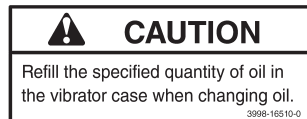
③ 3998-16499-0 (2 locations)



④ 3998-16489-0



⑤ 3998-16510-0



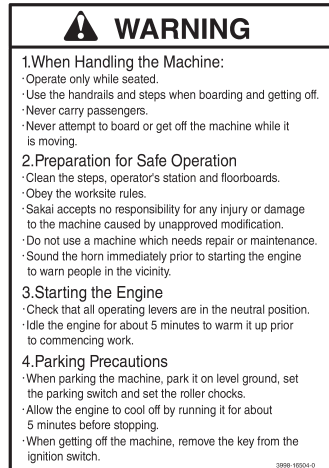
⑥ 3998-16507-1



⑦ 3998-16468-1



⑧ 3998-16504-0



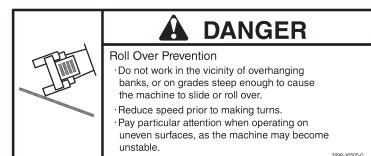
⑨ 3998-16701-0 (3 locations)



⑩ 3998-19678-0 (2 locations)



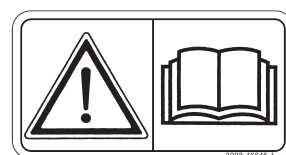
⑪ 3998-16505-0



⑫ 1411-19036-2



⑬ 3998-16646-1



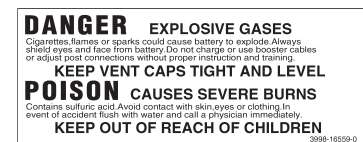
⑭ 3998-06139-0



⑮ 3998-16724-0



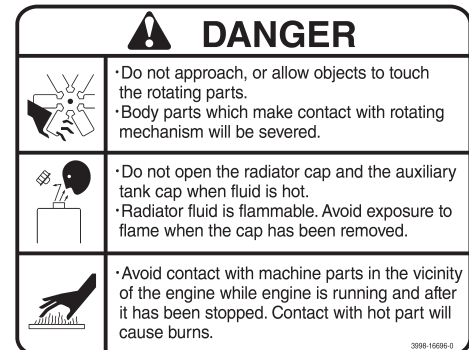
⑯ 3998-16559-0



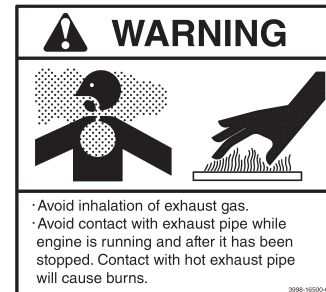
⑰ 3998-16680-0



⑱ 3998-16696-0

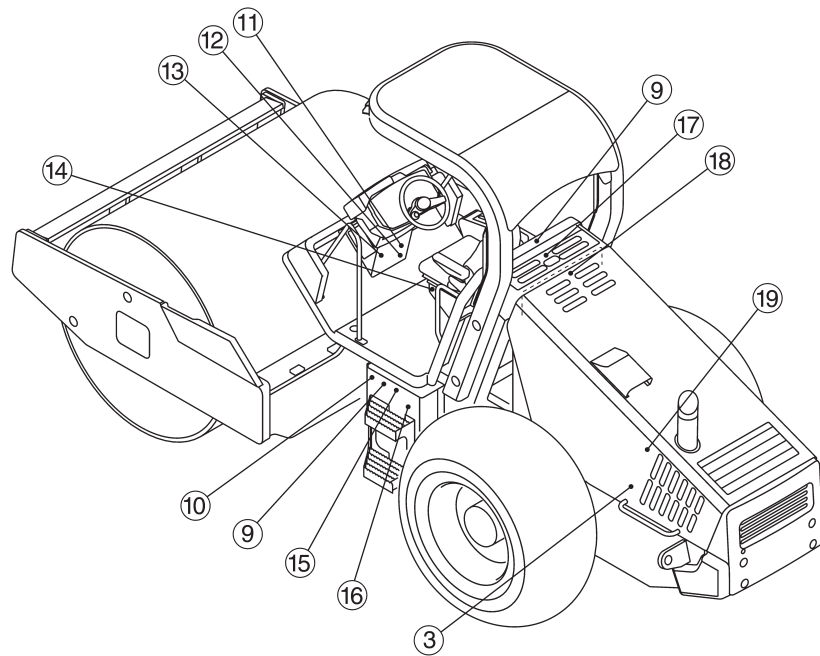
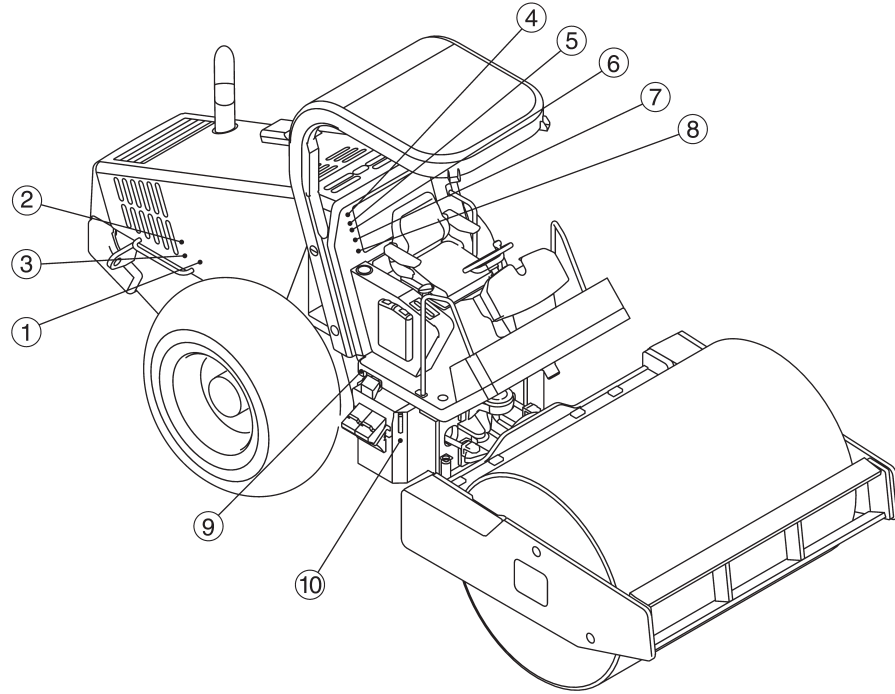


⑲ 3998-16500-0



**⚠ WARNING: Negligence of these instructions can lead to accidents.**

## **1. BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

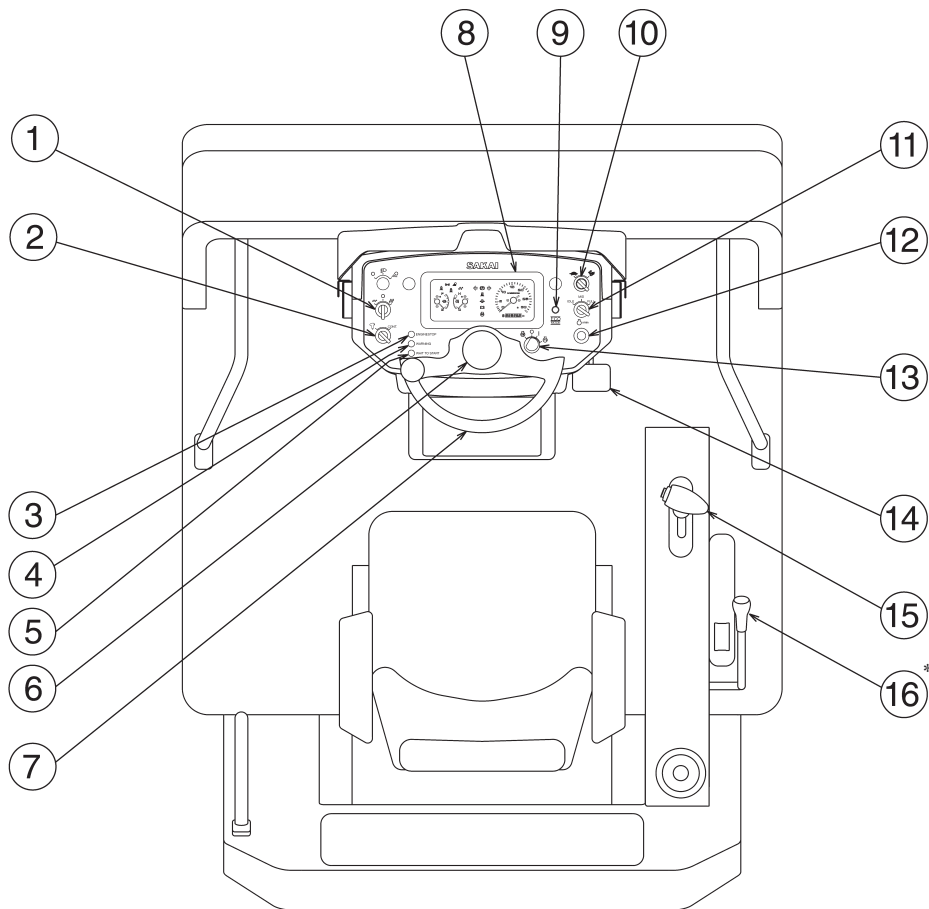


## 2. OPERATION

### 2 OPERATION

#### 2.1 Instruments and Controls

##### 2.1.1 Operator's station



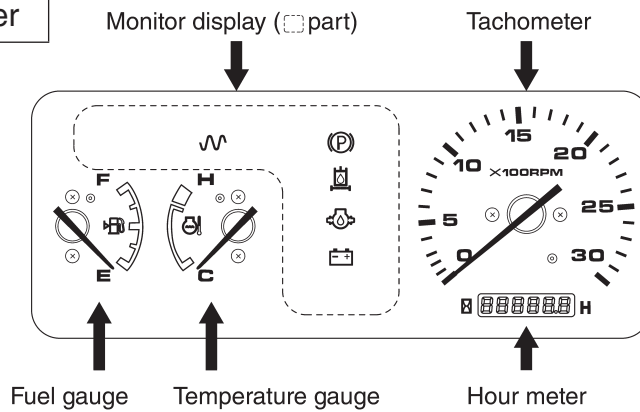
- |                             |                              |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| ① Vibrator switch           | ⑦ Steering wheel             | ⑬ Starter switch   |
| ② Vibration selector switch | ⑧ Combination meter          | ⑭ Brake pedal  |
| ③ Engine stop lamp          | ⑨ Eco lamp                   | ⑮ Forward-Neutral-Reverse (F-N-R) lever<br>with vibration switch |
| ④ Engine warning lamp       | ⑩ Speed change switch        | ⑯ Leveling blade lift lever                                      |
| ⑤ Engine wait to start lamp | ⑪ Engine speed select switch |  |
| ⑥ Horn switch button        | ⑫ Parking brake switch       |  |

\* For SV540TB, SV540FB only.

### 2.1.2 Gauges, indicator lamps and warning lamps

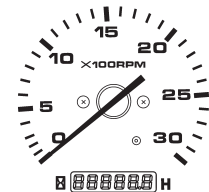
For safe execution of your job, fully understand the role and function of the systems involved.

#### Combination meter



#### Tachometer / Hour meter

Indicates the engine RPM. The hour meter shows total operating hours. The service interval recommendation in this manual should be based upon the hour meter readings.



Tachometer / Hour meter

#### Temperature gauge

Indicates the coolant temperature. Zone close to symbol H indicates overheating. In case of overheating, run the engine at idling for about ten minutes before shutting it down. Then determine the cause.



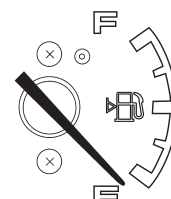
Temperature gauge

#### Fuel gauge

Indicates the fuel level in the tank.

- E: The tank is empty.
- F: The tank is full.

Replenish fuel appropriately before the fuel runs down.



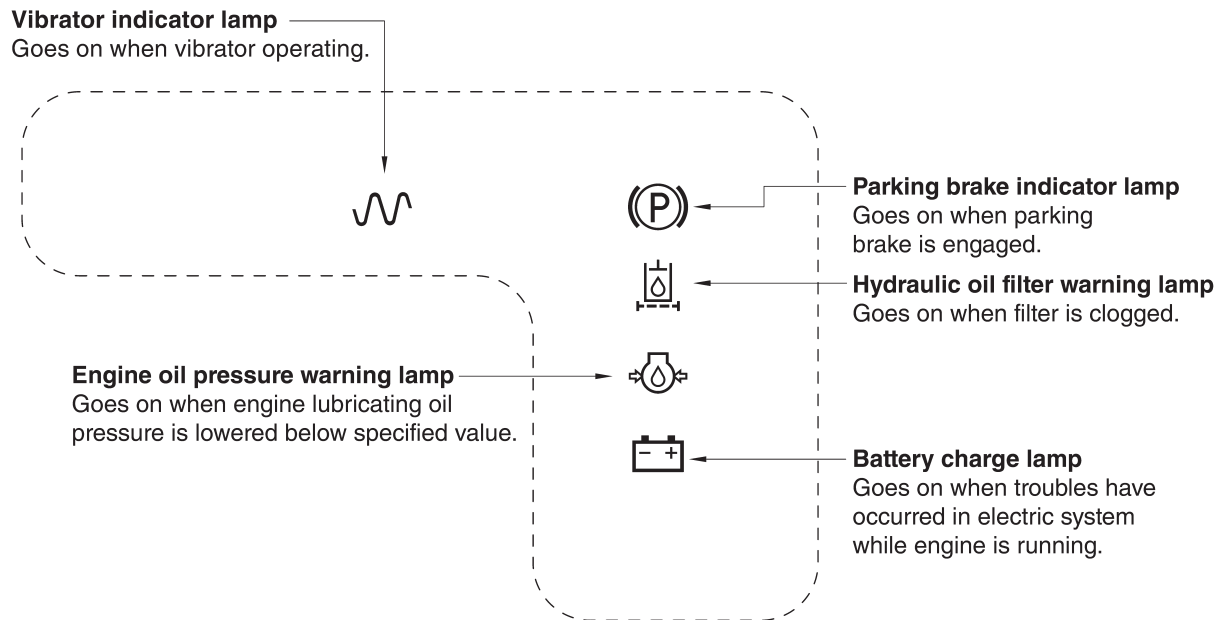
Fuel gauge






**⚠ CAUTION**  
**Be sure to use fuel recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).**



## 2. OPERATION

### Monitor display



- ★ Indicator lamps [  ]  
Light up when corresponding systems have been operated.
- ★ Parking brake indicator lamp [  ]  
It will flash once when the starter switch is turned to the " I " position.  
After that it will remain on while the parking brake is engaged, and turn off when it is released.
- ★ Hydraulic oil filter warning lamp [  ]  
It will flash once when the starter switch is turned to the " I " position.  
After that it will turn on when the hydraulic oil filter becomes clogged. Stop the machine and carry out an inspection.
- ★ Engine oil pressure warning lamp [  ]  
It will flash once when the starter switch is turned to the " I " position.  
It will turn on while the engine is running if the engine oil pressure drops below the specified value. Stop the machine and carry out an inspection.
- ★ Battery charge lamp [  ]  
It will turn on when the starter switch is turned to the " I " position, and turn off when the engine starts running.  
It will turn on while the engine is running when a problem arises with the electric system. Stop the machine and carry out an inspection.

**IMPORTANT**

- **Hydraulic oil filter warning lamp**  
Go on when the engine rpm is increased before the engine has been warmed up enough. Keep the engine idling until the lamp goes off, before starting your work. In that case, warm up the engine sufficiently, and operate the machine after the warning light has gone out. When the warning light will not go out, the filter may be clogging up. Check the filter.
- **Checking for warning lamp and parking brake indicator lamp**  
They should turn on light when the starter switch in ON position.  
If not, there is some trouble.  
Check and repair the combination meter or wirings harness.
- **The window of the combination meter**  
The window of the combination meter may become invisible because of aged deterioration caused by fine sand or dust or ultraviolet. When any flaw or mist is found on the window, contact our branch offices or designated factory.

## 2. OPERATION

### Engine check lamp

When the start switch is set to the "I" position, self-diagnosis of the engine will start.

When the result is normal. Three lamps will go out.

If the lamp remains lit or it lights during operation, it means there is any trouble with the engine. Stop the machine to check the engine.



ENGINE STOP



WARNING



WAIT TO START

ENGINE CHECK

### ★ ENGINE STOP

When the engine stop lamp lights, it means a serious abnormality occurs with the engine. Stop the machine and the engine, and receive proper checking / maintenance or repairing.

### ★ WARNING

When the warning lamp lights, water may be accumulated in the fuel pre-filter. Drain the fuel pre-filter (refer to page P.78).

If the lamp lights just because the water is accumulated in the fuel pre-filter, it will go out after draining.

If the lamp does not go out, the engine may be abnormal. Receive proper checking / maintenance or repairing before a serious failure occurs.

### ★ WAIT TO START

When the wait to start lamp is lit, it means self-diagnosis of the engine, and the engine should not be started.

Must wait to start the engine. The most common reason for this is to wait for the intake air heaters to complete a pre-heat cycle during cold ambient conditions.

### IMPORTANT

**For the details of the engine check lamp, see the instruction Manual of the engine.**

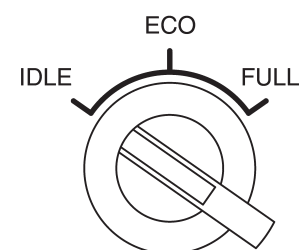
### Eco lamp

ECO lamp is turned on if the Engine speed select switch is shifted to "ECO" position. It runs under the fuel-efficient mode when the ECO lamp is turned on.

Normal vibrator speed occurs in ECO mode.



ECO  
MODE




n / min

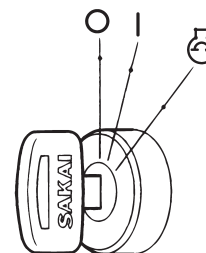
Engine speed select switch

### 2.1.3 Switches

#### Starter switch

Starts and stops the engine.

- "O" position : The key can be removed in this position. All the electric systems are switched off. To shut down the engine, move the key to this position.
- "I" position : The charging circuit and lamp circuit are charged with electricity. Leave the key in this position after the engine has started.
- "" position : The engine is cranked and gets started. The moment the engine has started, release the key. It will automatically return to the "I" position.



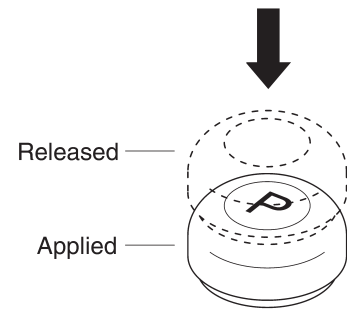
#### **⚠ CAUTION**

**Set the Forward - Neutral - Reverse (F-N-R) lever in the neutral position and press down the parking brake switch before starting the engine. Unless these conditions are met, the engine will not start.**

## 2. OPERATION

### Parking brake switch

If switch (P) is pressed down, the parking brake will be applied with the indicator lamp (P) on the dashboard lit up. When pressed again, the brake is released and the indicator lamp goes off.



**NOTE:** When pressing the parking brake switch during machine running, the brake is activated and the engine is stopped at the same time. When starting the engine again, shift the F-N-R lever back to the neutral position, set engine speed to idle, activate the parking brake switch, and then start the engine.

### ⚠ WARNING

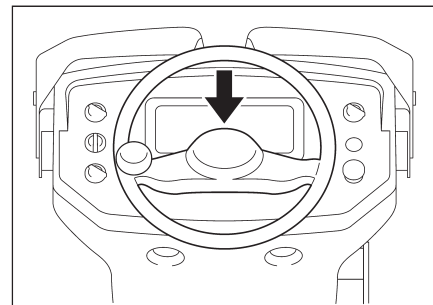
- To disengage the brake, be sure to press the button again instead of pulling it.
- Always press the button to apply the parking brake before dismounting from the machine.

### ⚠ CAUTION

Never pull the switch up.




### Horn switch button

Pressing the button at the center of the steering wheel sounds the horn.

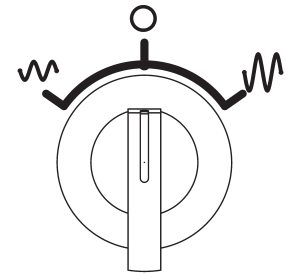


Vibrator switch

By means of vibrator switch located on the panel, selection of vibration amplitude and On-Off is mode.

- "  " position : Turning the vibration switch clockwise causes the vibration to start with high amplitude.
- "  " position : Vibration is shut down.
- "  " position : Turning the vibrator switch counter clockwise causes vibration to start with low amplitude.






**NOTE :** For Vibratory rolling, run the engine at FULL and ECO.

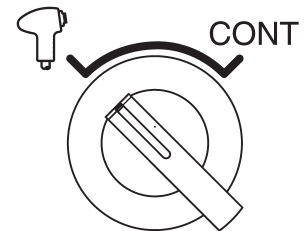


Vibrator switch

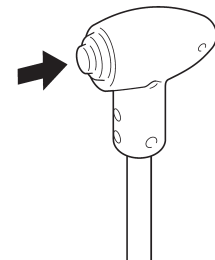
Vibration selector switch

Selection can be mode between the vibrator switch installed to the Foward - Neutral - Reverse (F-N-R) lever and the other one located on the panel.

- "  " position : Vibration can be turned ON or OFF with the switch located on the Foward - Neutral - Reverse (F-N-R) lever. Pressing this switch causes the vibration to start and pressing it again to stop. This vibration switch on the lever should be used with the vibrator switch on the panel placed at "  " or "  " position.
- "CONT" position : When the vibrator switch is set to the "  " or "  " position, you can perform vibration work without turning the vibration switch ON and OFF.



Vibration selector switch



Vibration switch

**NOTE :** For vibratory rolling, run the engine at FULL and ECO.

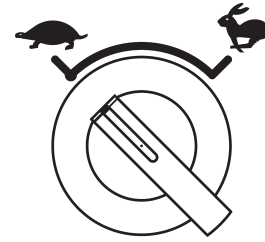
**IMPORTANT**



- **Do not operate the vibrator on a hard area such as cement concrete pavement surface or the ground covered by thick steel sheets.**
- **Keep the vibrator stopped when the machine is at rest.**
- **Shut off the vibrator immediately when the machine has been caught in the mud during vibratory operation.**

## 2. OPERATION

### Speed change switch

Selects two machine speed ranges.



	km / h (mile / h)	
	 (Low)	 (High)
Speed	0 – 6 (0 – 3.7)	0 – 10 (0 – 6.2)

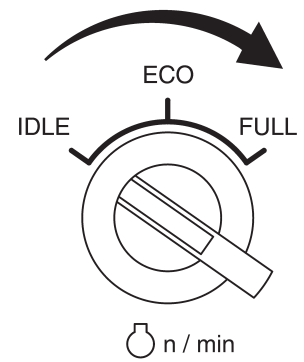
### IMPORTANT

**Be sure to shift gears while the machine is stopped. Can not shift gears during operation.**

### Engine speed select switch

Shifts the engine RPM.

	(± 50 min <sup>-1</sup> )		
	IDLE	ECO	FULL
Engine speed	900 min <sup>-1</sup>	1850 min <sup>-1</sup>	2200 min <sup>-1</sup>

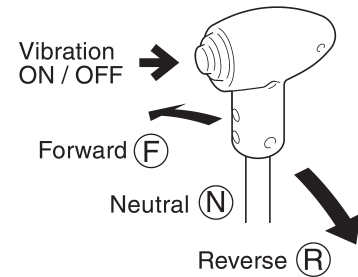


Engine speed select switch

### 2.1.4 Operating levers / pedals

#### Forward - Neutral -Reverse (F-N-R) lever

Moving the F-N-R lever forward or backward makes the machine travel forward or backward respectively. The neutral position brings the machine to a stop. The machine speed increases or decreases in proportion to the lever displacement.



Provided at the knob of the lever is the vibration switch for turning on or off the vibration.

#### IMPORTANT

- For normal braking, return the F-N-R lever back to neutral.
- In an emergency, depress the brake pedal.

#### Leveling blade lift lever (SV540TB, SV540FB)

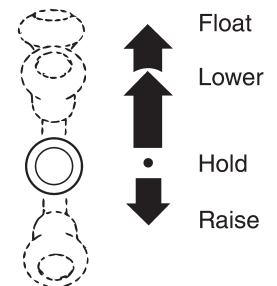
The leveling blade is operated from a single control lever. The lever has four positions; RAISE, HOLD, LOWER and FLOAT.

**Raise :** To raise the blade, pull the lever backward. The lever automatically returns to the Hold position when released.

**Hold :** When this position is selected, the blade stays in any position.

**Lower:** To lower the blade, push the lever forward. The lever automatically returns to the Hold position when released.

**Float :** Push the lever forward to its full extent. In this position, the blade becomes free to ride up and down over the ground, following the ground configuration as the machine travels. The lever stays in the Float position even if it is released.





## 2. OPERATION

### Brake pedal

In an emergency, push down on the pedal to the full extent, and the machine will come to a sudden stop.

**NOTE:** When pressing the brake pedal, the brake is activated and the engine is stopped at the same time. When starting the engine again, shift the F-N-R lever back to the neutral position, set engine speed to idle, activate the parking brake switch, and then start the engine.

### IMPORTANT

- Do not use the pedal wherever practicable except for an emergency.
- The F-N-R lever permits usual braking.

### 2.1.5 Unloader valve

The unloader valve disengages the drive, playing a role like a clutch. Use this valve for towing the machine when the engine is disabled or when troubles have developed in the hydraulic drive.

Towing Speed:

At or less than 0.5 km / h (0.3 mile / h)

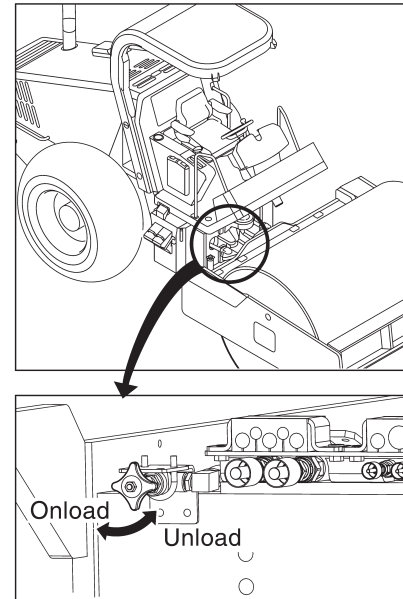
Towing Distances : Within 100 m (328 ft)

For towing:

Turn the knob counter-clockwise (Unload).

For normal traveling:

Turn the knob clockwise (Onload).



### ⚠ WARNING

- On a slope, chock the wheels and use extreme care when handling the unloader valve and towing the machine.
- Be sure to apply the parking brake when operating the unloader valve.
- Unloading the unloader valve will disengage the engine, so never get in front of or behind the machine.

**NOTE:** For normal travel, be sure to close the unloader in the ONLOAD position.

## 2.1.6 Fuse box

**⚠ WARNING**

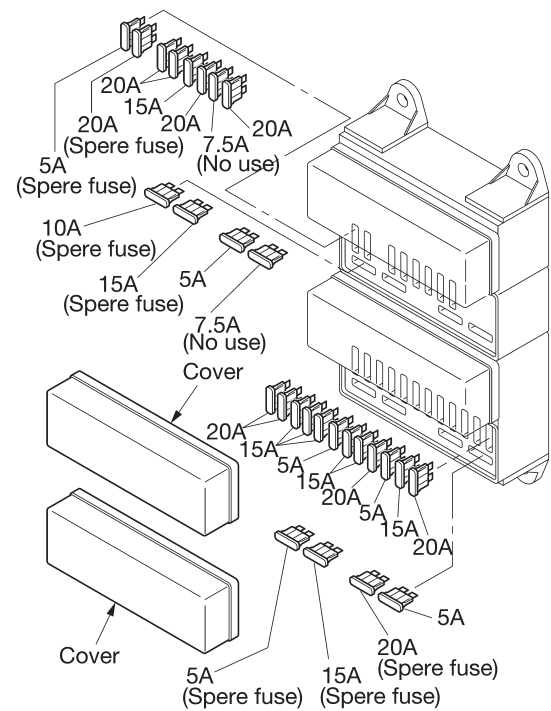
When changing a fuse, cut the power supply by turning the starter switch to the "O" position.

The fuse box is located at the back of the driver's seat.

Recline the back of the seat towards the front, turn the stud in a counterclockwise direction by 90 degrees, and then open the panel cover.

Fuses protect electrical components and wiring from burning. Change any fuse which has become powder-coated due to deterioration or which has play between it and fuse holder. To replace fuses, take off the cover. Be sure to use fuses of correct capacity.

Using improperly rated fuses may result in poor machine performance, damage to the electrical system, or safety problems, such as an electrical fire.



## 2. OPERATION

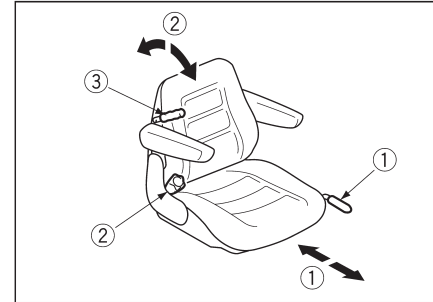
### 2.2 Handling and Adjustments

#### 2.2.1 Seat adjustment

Adjust the seat for your best operating position. Move the lever as shown by arrow. With the lever held in that position, slide the seat forward or backward as desired. When properly adjusted, release the lever.

Adjust your seat position to suit you as follows:

- 1) Pull the lever ① and adjust seat position longitudinally.
- 2) Turn the backrest adjust dial ② for optimum angle.
- 3) Move the suspension lever ③ to select suitable suspension for your body weight.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

- **The seat shall be adjusted before starting any works or when the driver is switched over the other person while the machine is completely stopped. Do NOT adjust the seat while the machine is in motion.**
- **Some unexpected troubles may be accidentally caused if moving the machine without completely fixing the seat such as while sliding the seat. Before moving the machine, make certain that the seat is completely fixed after making proper adjustments.**
- **Do not pinch your fingers, hands or legs while adjusting the seat.**
- **Adjust seat only when one person rides on the machine.**
- **Adjust seat only when the machine stays on the flat ground.**
- **Adjust the seat so that your back is in close contact with the back of the seat while seated and when stepping on the brake pedal down to the floor. Adjust the seat so as to be able to certainly step on the brake pedal when twisting your body around to look back in order to move the machine backwards.**

#### **IMPORTANT**

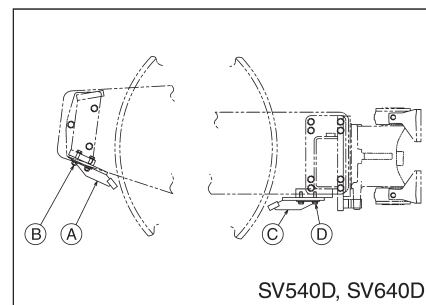
**Be sure to wear the seatbelt during operation.**

### 2.2.2 Scraper replacement and adjustment

SV540D, SV540TF, SV540FB, SV640D

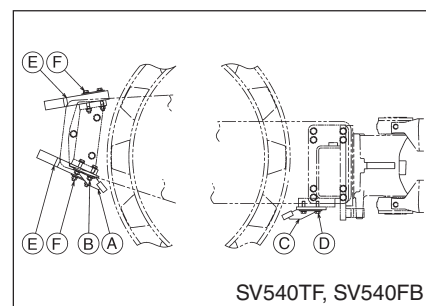
#### 1) Clearance adjustment of scraper (A)

- ① Loosen bolts and nuts (B) at 8 locations.
- ② Provide a clearance of 20 mm between scraper blades (A) and the drum.
- ③ Retighten bolts and nuts (B) at 8 locations.



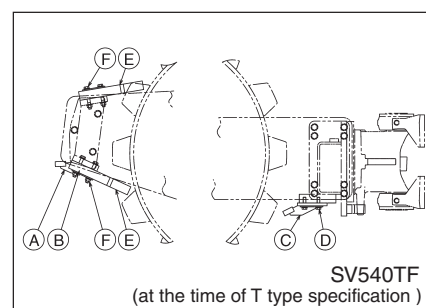
#### 2) Clearance adjustment of scraper (C)

- ① Loosen bolts (D) at 8 locations.
- ② Provide a clearance of 20 mm between scraper blades (C) and the drum.
- ③ Retighten bolts (D) at 8 locations.



#### 3) Change from TF to T types

- ① Loosen bolts and nuts (B) at 8 locations.
- ② Adjust the scraper blade (A) by changing its direction so that it does not interfere the pads.
- ③ Retighten bolts and nuts (B) at 8 locations.
- ④ Loosen bolts (D) at 8 locations.
- ⑤ Adjust the scraper blade (C) so that it does not interfere the pads.
- ⑥ Loosen bolts (D) at 8 locations.
- ⑦ Loosen bolts and nuts (F) at 18 locations.
- ⑧ Adjust the scraper blade (E) by changing provide a clearance of 20 mm between scraper (E) and the drum.
- ⑨ Retighten bolts and nuts (F) at 18 locations.

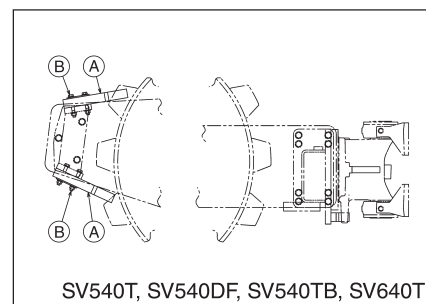


SV540T, SV540DF, SV540TB, SV640T

#### 1) Clearance adjustment of scraper (A)

(Nine pieces are mounted on both the top surface and the undersurface for each in front of the machine.)

- ① Loosen bolts and nuts (B) at 18 locations.
- ② Provide a clearance of 20 mm between scraper (A) and the drum.
- ③ Retighten bolts and nuts (B) at 18 locations.

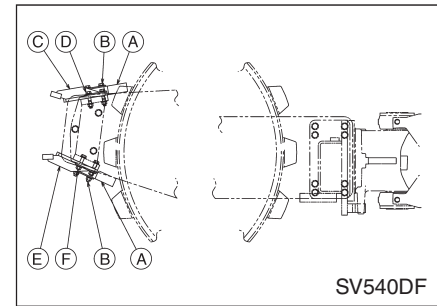


## 2. OPERATION

### 2) Replacement of scraper (A)

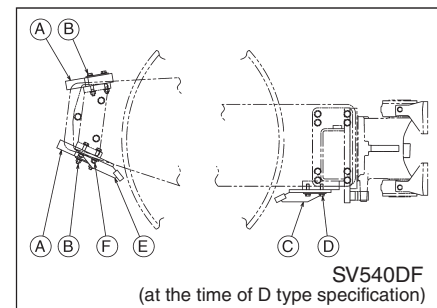
(Nine pieces are mounted on both the top surface and the undersurface for each in front of the machine.)

- ① Remove bolts and nuts (B)
- ② Replace scraper (A) with new ones.



### 3) Change from DF to D types

- ① Loosen bolts and nuts (B) at 18 locations.
- ② Adjust the scraper blade (A) by changing its direction so that it does not interfere the pads.
- ③ Retighten bolts and nuts (B) at 18 locations.
- ④ Loosen bolts and nuts (D) at 8 locations
- ⑤ Move the scraper blade (C) to the undersurface at the rear of the frame such that there is a gap by 20 mm between the scraper blade (C) and the drum.
- ⑥ Retighten bolts (D) at 8 locations.
- ⑦ Loosen bolts and nuts (F) at 8 locations.
- ⑧ Adjust the scraper blade (E) by changing provide a clearance of 20mm between scraper (E) and the drum.
- ⑨ Retighten bolts and nuts (F) at 8 locations.



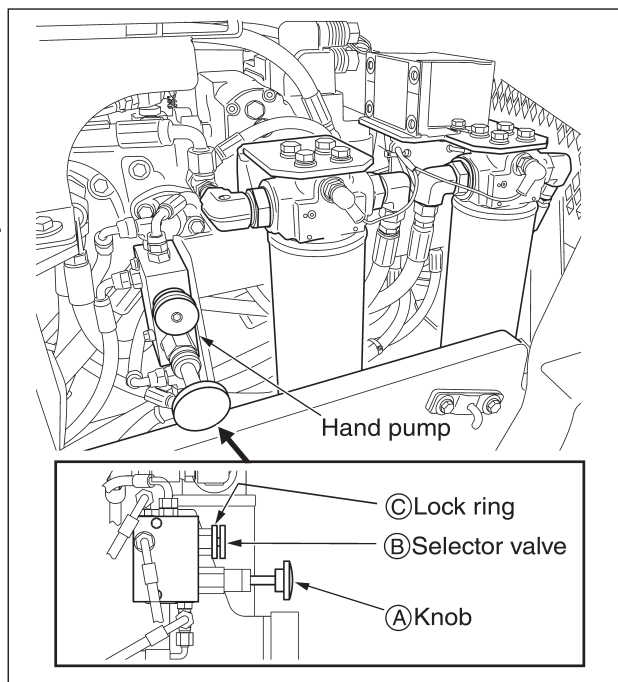
### 2.2.3 Disengaging the brake when towing

#### ⚠ WARNING

- On a slope, chock the drums and prepare for towing before disengaging the brake.
- Avoid a long-distance towing.

For towing the machine when the engine is disabled or when trouble has developed in the hydraulic propulsion, system disengage the brake as instructed below:

- 1) Turn the unloader valve counterclockwise to release it.  
Refer to “Unloader valve” on page 36 for its operation method.
- 2) Loosen ③ : lock ring of ② : selector valve counterclockwise. And turn ② counterclockwise.
- 3) Pull up and press the ① : knob of the pump slowly. The brake can be released by pressing it about 35 times. When the operation force is felt heavy, the brake is released. Stop the operation at that time. Continued operation may cause damage to the machine.
- 4) After towing is completed, turn ② clockwise until it stops. And fix ② with the ③ .
- 5) Turn the unloader valve clockwise to engage the drive. Refer to “Unloader valve” on page 36 for its operation method.



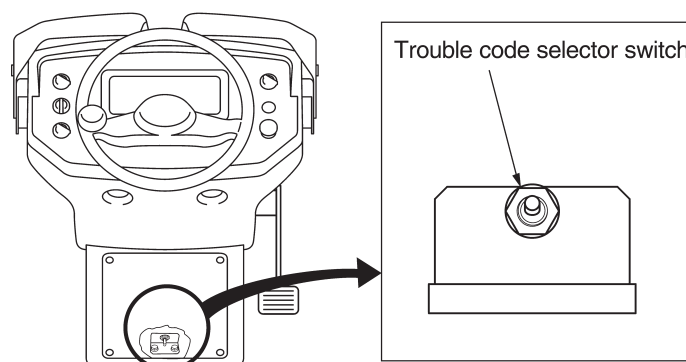
**⚠ WARNING**

- Do not try to release the brake immediately after a hot engine has been stopped. Let the oil cool down.
- For the brake disengagement, wear hard hat , safety goggles and safety gloves.



**2.2.4 Engine troubleshooting**

Engine troubleshooting can be conducted using the trouble code selector switch. During normal operation, do not operate switches. Set switch as shown in the figure during the normal operation.



**IMPORTANT**

**When operating the trouble code selector switch, see the engine manual.**

## 2. OPERATION

### 2.3 Operation

#### ⚠ WARNING

- This machine is a one-man roller.
- Operate the machine from the operator's seat.
- Be sure to wear the seatbelt during operation.

#### 2.3.1 Before-starting inspection

1) Check that the steering lock pin is in the carrying position.

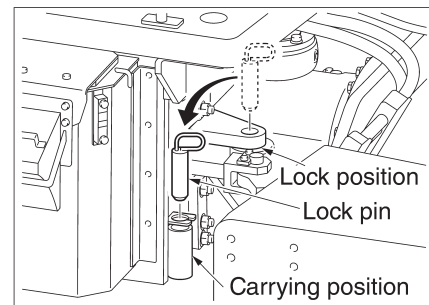
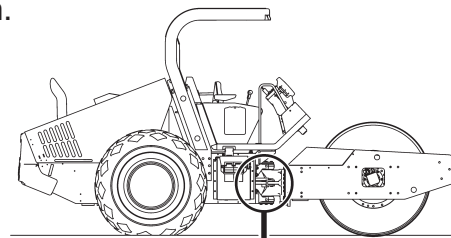
#### ⚠ WARNING

Make sure that the steering lock pin is in the carrying position before putting the machine in motion. Steering is impossible if the pin is in the steering lock position.

The pin is located at the right of the center of the machine.

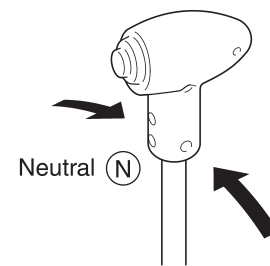
To unlock the pin.

- ① Pull out the lock pin.
- ② Set the pin in the carrying position.

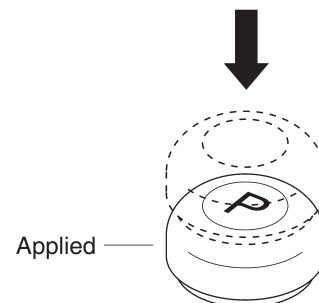


2) Check that the F-N-R lever and is in the neutral position (N) .

3) Confirm that the parking brake is engaged.



**NOTE:** When the F-N-R lever is not in the neutral (middle) position, or the parking brake has been released, the interlocking system goes into operation and the engine will not turn on. Be sure to confirm that the F-N-R lever is in the neutral (middle) position, and that the parking brake is engaged before starting the engine.



### 2.3.2 Starting the engine

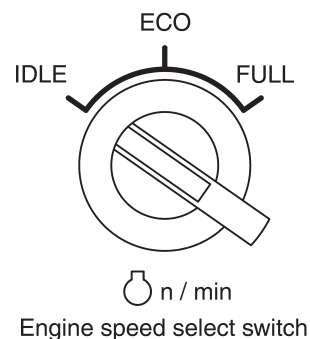
**⚠ WARNING**

Check that the F-N-R lever is in the neutral position, and press down the parking brake switch and sound the horn when starting the engine after making certain that there are no one and no objects close to the machine.

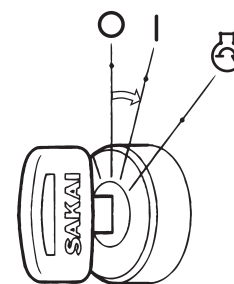
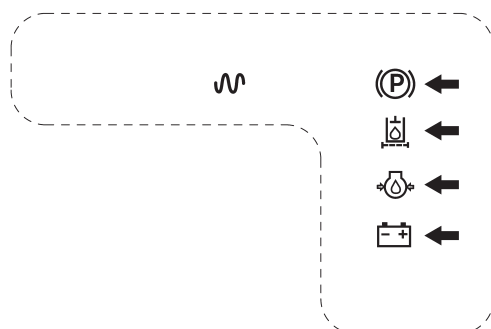
1) Set the engine speed select switch in the IDLE position.

(± 50 min<sup>-1</sup>)

Engine speed	IDLE	ECO	FULL
	900 min <sup>-1</sup>	1850 min <sup>-1</sup>	2200 min <sup>-1</sup>



2) Turn the starter switch to the " I " position and check that the warning lamps and parking brake indicator lamp on the monitor display are on.




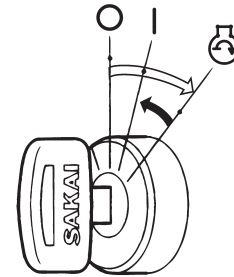
3) Start the engine after the engine check lamp lights up and goes out.






## 2. OPERATION

- 4) Turning the key to the "  " position makes the engine start. Release the key the moment the engine has started. The key will automatically return to the " I " position.



### CAUTION

- Do not allow the starter key to stay in the "  " position for more than 15 seconds.
- When the engine fails to start, or you want to restart the engine immediately after turning it off, wait around 30 seconds before restarting it.
- Check that the warning lamps on the monitor display go off immediately after the engine is started. If any of these warning lamps stay on while the engine is running, shut down the machine, determine the cause and rectify the fault.

### 2.3.3 After starting the engine

Try not to move the machine immediately after starting but practice the following:

### IMPORTANT

**Avoid increasing the engine speed abruptly before warming-up run is completed.**

- 1) Run the engine at idling for about 5 minutes to warm it up. Warming-up run allows the lubricating oil to reach the vital parts of the engine and hydraulic system, gradually warm the engine, engine oil and hydraulic oil to prepare the machine for driving.
- 2) After the warm-up operation, check that:
  - Temperature gauge ..... Pointer falls near the center zone
  - Fuel gauge ..... Pointer falls between the E and F marks
  - Charge lamp..... Has gone off
  - Engine oil pressure warning lamp ..... Has gone off
  - Engine check lamp..... Has gone off
- 3) Check for the color of exhaust gas, listen for unusual sounds and vibration. If abnormal, determine the cause and correct the problem.

### WARNING

**Stay in the driver seat during operation.**

### 2.3.4 Traveling



**⚠ CAUTION**

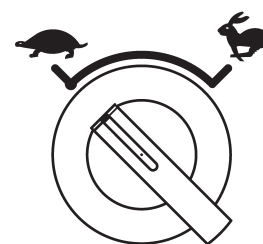
While travelling, do not turn the starter switch "O" position.

**⚠ WARNING**

- When starting, operate the horn after securing the safety around the machine.
- Be sure to wear the seatbelt during operation.

1) Select the desired speed by the speed change switch.

	km / h (mile / h)	
	 (Low)	 (High)
Speed	0 – 6 (0 – 3.7)	0 – 10 (0 – 6.2)



Speed change switch

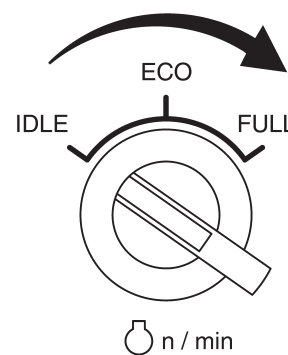
**IMPORTANT**

Be sure to shift gears while the machine is stopped. Can not shift gears during running.

**⚠ WARNING**

On a steep slope, run the machine at low speed.

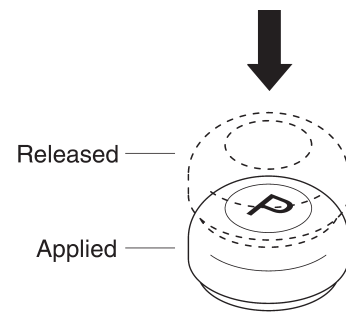
2) Turn the engine speed select switch to increase the engine speed.



Engine speed select switch

## 2. OPERATION

- 3) Press down the parking brake switch button to release the brake. Check that indicator lamp (P) on the monitor display goes off.



- 4) Move the F-N-R lever in the direction to travel, and the machine will begin traveling.

**⚠ CAUTION**  
**Avoid abrupt operation of the F-N-R lever.**

**NOTE:** The travel speed can be controlled by the engine speed select switch and F-N-R lever.

**⚠ WARNING**  
**When pressing the brake pedal, the brake is activated and the engine is stopped at the same time.**  
**Pay extreme attention to the area behind the machine when backing, since the space just behind it tends to be a blind spot.**

## 2.3.5 Stopping / Parking

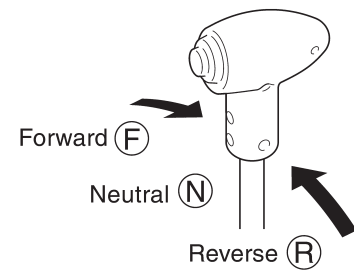
**⚠ WARNING**

- Avoid abrupt braking. Leave enough space for braking safety.
- Avoid parking on a grade.
- If necessary to park on a grade, chock the drum and tires to prevent unexpected moving down the grade.

- 1) Bring the F-N-R lever to the neutral position (N), and the machine will come to a halt.

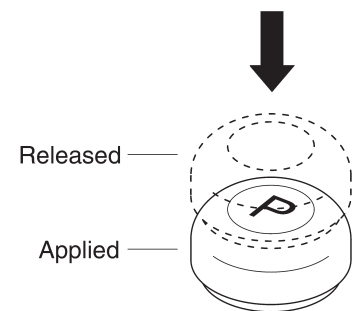
**⚠ CAUTION**

For normal braking, move the F-N-R lever back to the neutral position. In an emergency, depress the brake pedal.

**IMPORTANT**

When pressing the brake pedal, the brake is activated and the engine is stopped at the same time. After depressing the brake pedal, return F-N-R lever to the neutral position, and press the parking switch button, otherwise the machine will not start.

- 2) Press the parking switch button securely, and check that indicator lamp (P) illuminates.

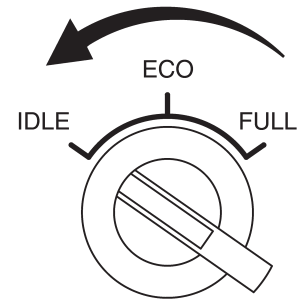


**NOTE:** When pressing the parking brake switch during machine running, the brake is activated and the engine is stopped at the same time. When starting the engine again, shift the F-N-R lever back to the neutral position, set engine speed to idle, activate the parking brake switch, and then start the engine.

## 2. OPERATION

### 2.3.6 Stopping the engine

- 1) Set the engine speed select switch at the IDLE position, wait for about 5 minutes with the engine idling to gradually cool the engine.



Engine speed select switch

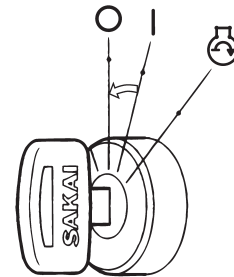
#### IMPORTANT

- Do not bring a hot engine to a sudden stop except for an emergency. This will shorten the life of its component parts.
- Do not also allow an overheated engine to come to a sudden stop, but run it at middle idling speed for gradual cooling down.

- 2) Turn the starter key to the "O" position to stop the engine.

#### CAUTION

Do not turn the starter switch "O" position while the machine is in motion.



- 3) Remove the starter key.

#### WARNING

- When dismantling from the machine, apply the brake by pressing the parking switch button. If necessary to park on a grade, block the wheels to prevent unexpected moving down the grade.
- Never fail to remove the starter key.

### 2.3.7 Check after stopping the engine

- 1) Perform the walk-around checks for oil and water leakage, abnormal signs around the drums.
- 2) Fill the fuel tank.
- 3) Remove waste paper if any from the engine compartment, as this will pose a possible fire hazard.
- 4) Scrape mud or other materials from and around the drums.
- 5) When transporting the machines, please ensure safety by strictly complying with the applicable laws and regulations.

## 2.4 Vibratory Operation

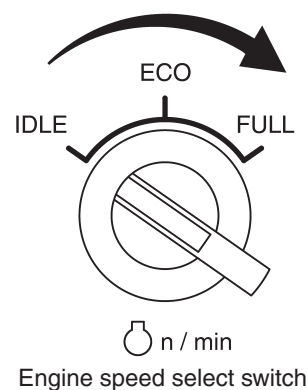
- 1) Turn the engine speed select switch clockwise to set the engine RPM to FULL or ECO.

**NOTE:** It is possible to conduct the rolling compactions as much as the vibration specifications when setting the engine speed select switch to FULL and ECO.




MID is fuel-efficient position called the "ECO MODE".

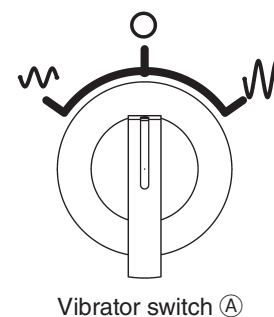
The ECO MODE is recommended when working on flat road surfaces as the maximum speeds and the hill-climbing performances are degraded.

Please conduct the rolling compactions by setting to the FULL position when working on soft, steep sloped and rugged road surfaces.



- 2) Use the vibrator switch <sup>Ⓐ</sup> installed at the control panel on the top of the dashboard to select low or high amplitude and ON / OFF of vibration.

- "  " position : Turning the vibrator switch clockwise causes the vibration to start with high amplitude.
- "  " position : Vibration is shut down.
- "  " position : Turning the vibrator switch counter clockwise causes vibration to start with low amplitude.







**NOTE:** For vibratory rolling, run the engine at FULL. or ECO.

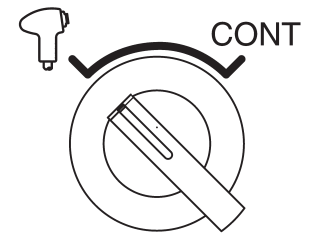
## 2. OPERATION

Vibration can be turned ON / OFF with the vibration switch © .  
Select a suitable setting depending on a working site condition .

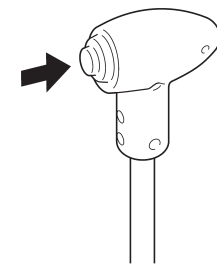
" " position : Vibration can be turned ON or OFF with the switch located on the F-N-R lever. Pressing this switch causes the vibration to start and pressing it again to stop.

This vibration switch on the lever should be used with the vibrator switch on the panel placed at  or  position.

"CONT" position : When the vibrator switch is set to the "" or "" position, you can perform vibration work without turning the vibration switch ON and OFF.





Vibration selector switch ②



Vibration switch ©

3) Proper travel speed for vibratory compaction is 2 – 5 km / h (1.2 – 3.1 mile / h) , however, select speeds depending upon job requirements.

### IMPORTANT

- Keep the vibrator shut off when the machine is not rolling.
- Stop vibration if the machine has encountered a running difficulty, for example, when it gets stuck in the mud.
- Set the speed change switch in the  position during vibratory rolling compaction. Use the  position only for driving on flat straight roads.

## 2.5 Precautions for Work

### 2.5.1 Compaction operation

#### ■ Understand the intended purposes of the rollers

- This roller is developed and manufactured mainly for compacting soil. Working with vibrations under excessive rolling compactions or using for crushing operations may cause damages to this machine. Do not use for any other purposes than rolling compactions in civil engineering works.

#### ■ Do not operate the vibration on a hard location

- Do not work the vibration on a hard surface such as concrete pavement, as this can cause the machine to jump and give abnormal shock load. Damage to shock isolators will result.

#### ■ Change the direction of travel gently

- When changing the direction of travel during compaction, slowly shift the F-N-R lever.

#### ■ Drive at a speed appropriate for the road surface conditions

- Drive slowly on uneven surfaces.

### 2.5.2 When going downhill

#### ■ Use the F-N-R lever

- Run slowly going downhill. Do not use excessive speed. Avoid changing speed if possible when going downhill. Start slowly and end slowly on steep downgrades.

#### ■ Use the engine brake

- Go downhill by applying the engine brake along with the F-N-R lever operation.

#### ⚠ WARNING

- **When going uphill, run at low speed. Can not attempt to shift speeds during travelling. The machine can slip down the slope.**
- **When going downhill, adjust the travel speed not to allow the engine speed to exceed 2,500 rpm.**

### 2.5.3 On a slope

#### ■ Working on a sidehill

- Work in an uphill / downhill direction, and avoid working on sidehill with the machine inclining sideways.



## 2. OPERATION

### 2.6 Applicable Jobs

The machines do a variety of jobs as listed below.

1) This machine is mainly used for:

- Static compacting work
- Vibratory compacting work

2) Road rollers do a variety of jobs as listed below.

This machine most effectively handles works or materials marked ☆ .

#### Work

- Asphalt road paving
- Dust removal treatment for road
- ☆ Road improvement
- ☆ Embankment construction
- ☆ Dam construction
- Construction of forestry and farm roads
- Foundation building
- Construction of sidewalk, shoulder and gutter foundation

#### Material to be compacted

- Asphalt pavement
- ☆ Crusher run
- ☆ Cement concrete
- ☆ Sands
- ☆ Soils
- ☆ Slag
- ☆ Soft rock

#### Layers to be compacted

- Surface course, Binder course
- ☆ Base course
- ☆ Subgrade
- ☆ Embankment
- Shoulder
- Sidewalk

## 2.7 After Operation

Check for the coolant temperature, engine oil pressure and fuel level.

Follow the procedures below to prevent the machine from falling into an unworkable condition the following morning caused by muds and other extraneous matter on the drum, or frozen drums:

- 1) Check to see if the engine coolant temperature is too high and the engine oil pressure is not normal. Also check the fuel level.
- 2) Remove muds and water from the machine. Muds can get into the seals together with water drops on the hydraulic cylinder piston rod. Damaged seals will result.
- 3) Park the machine on a hard and dry surface. If such a place is not available, cover the ground with hard plates.

### IMPORTANT

**Do not wash clean with high pressure water around the instrument panel or reverse side of the dash board. This can cause instrument failures.**

## 2.8 Loading and Unloading

### ⚠ WARNING

- Use sturdy ramps with proper width, length and thickness which allow safe loading and unloading.
- If the ramps deflect considerably under load, apply wooden blocks to reinforce them.
- Loading should be conducted on a level and hard ground. Leave a sufficient distance between the machine and the shoulder.
- To prevent slippage on the ramps, keep the drums free from mud, oils, etc. The ramps must also be free of grease, oil and ice.
- Do not steer the machine on the ramps. If the machine is facing in the wrong direction, allow it to dismount from the ramps and correct the direction.

For loading and unloading, use ramps or a proper loading stand.

## 2. OPERATION

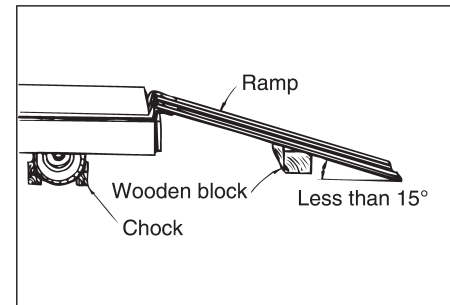
### 2.8.1 Use of a trailer equipped with a winch

#### **⚠ WARNING**

**Placing the unloader valve in UNLOAD position disrupts the power for traction. Do not enter the areas ahead of and behind the machine. It is very dangerous.**

1) Engage the trailer brake and chock its wheels. Fix the ramps so that the machine and trailer are completely aligned.

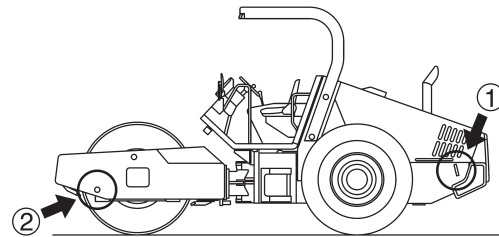
- ☆ The angle between the ramps and ground must be less than 15 degrees.
- ☆ Leave a proper space between the ramps according to the width of the roller drum.



2) Decide the correct direction of run and make the machine run forward to the ramps.

3) Draw the wire rope from the trailer winch and put its hook on the hooking point ① or ② ( One each on right and left ) of the roller.

4) Place the unloader valve located at the inside of a frame to the UNLOAD position (refer to “Unloader valve” on page 36).



5) With the engine running at idle, perform loading by means of the trailer winch.

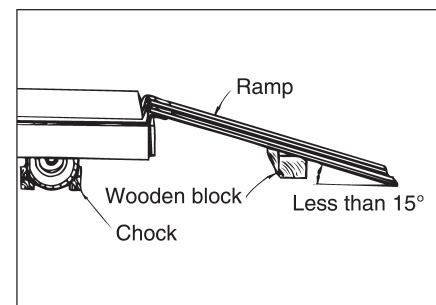
6) When the loading is completed, set the unloader valve back in the ONLOAD position.

7) Locate the machine correctly on the trailer.

### 2.8.2 Self-propelling

1) Engage the trailer brake and chock its wheels. Fix the ramps so that the machine and trailer are completely aligned.

- ☆ The angle between the ramps and ground must be less than 15 degrees.
- ☆ Leave a proper space between the ramps according to the width of the roller drum.

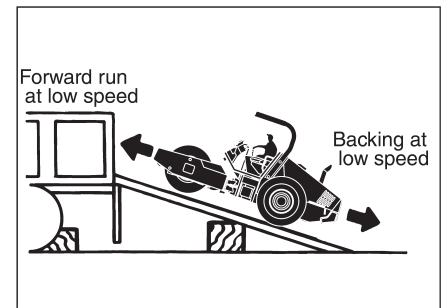


- 2) Decide the correct direction of run and conduct loading or unloading at low speed.

For loading, run forward at low speed.

For unloading, run backward at low speed.

- 3) Locate the machine correctly on the trailer.



## 2.9 After Loading the Machine

When the machine has been located properly on the trailer, tie it down as follows:

- 1) Press the parking switch button to apply the parking brake. Place chock under the drums to prevent movement.
- 2) Fix the machine with chains tied at the front and rear towing hook holes. Particularly, pay attention to sidewise skidding.

## 2.10 Transportation

### **⚠ WARNING**

**To decide the transporting route, check the width of the road, height and weight (including the roller) of the trailer.**

For transportation, obey traffic regulations.

## 2.11 Operation in Cold Weather

In cold weather, take the following measures to prevent troubles such as starting difficulty and coolant freeze-up.

### 2.11.1 Fuel oil and grease

Use fuel and oil with low viscosity. Refer to "Rating" on page 90.

## 2. OPERATION

### 2.11.2 Coolant

#### **⚠ WARNING**

**Do not bring an open flame to the antifreeze or do not smoke when handling it. It is flammable.**

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

**Use ethylene glycol-base antifreeze.**

For the cooling water, mix the antifreeze in water.  
Use softened water as the water to be mixed.  
Please refer to the following table for the mixing ratio.

Ambient temperature	Always
Amount of anti-freeze	11.5 L (3.0 gal)
Amount of water	11.5 L (3.0 gal)
Ratio	50%

Our machines are filled with a long-life coolant.  
The life of the antifreezer is for two years.  
Use non-amine type long-life coolant when changing coolant.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

**Failure to follow this procedure can result in severe engine damage.**

- Fill :**
- 1) Open heater valves that can be found beneath the engine, and turn the heater to "heat" mode (only the appropriate machine.)**
  - 2) Fill coolant at 3 gallons per minute (12 liters per minute) until coolant reaches the bottom of the fill neck. Wait for 1 minute, then top up coolant to the bottom of the fill neck if needed.**
  - 3) Start engine and run at "mid" speed for 1 minute or until engine warning lamp comes on.**
  - 4) Turn off engine and top up coolant to bottom of fill neck if needed.**
  - 5) Replace coolant cap.**

**⚠ WARNING**

- Do not remove the radiator cap while the coolant is hot.
- Hot water may be spouted out that can cause scald. Relieve pressure by slowly turning the cap after the water temperature is dropped, then remove the cap.



## 2.11.3 Battery

**⚠ WARNING**

- The battery contains diluted sulfuric acid, which will dissolve clothes and skin. Should you get battery fluid on your clothes or skin, wash it off immediately with copious quantities of clean water.
- If you get it in your eyes, rinse them straight away with clean water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- If you accidentally ingest it, drink copious quantities of water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- Always wear safety glasses when handling the battery.
- The battery generates hydrogen gas, so there is a danger of explosions. Avoid recharging the battery, keep cigarettes and flames away, etc., in poorly ventilated places when there is a danger of generating sparks.
- The inspection and handling of batteries should be carried out with the engine turned off and the starter switch in the "OFF" position.
- Be careful not to accidentally connect the two battery terminals with tools or other metallic objects.
- Tangled terminals may generate sparks due to improper connections, resulting in the danger of explosions. Make sure terminals are connected firmly.
- The battery is for starting the engine and operating electrical equipment on the machine. Do not use it for any other purpose.

**⚠ CAUTION**

The power-supply voltage of this machine is 24V.

**IMPORTANT**

When this machine is shipped, maintenance free battery is installed.

## 2. OPERATION

When the temperature decreases, the battery capacity will lower, possibly freezing the electrolyte.

The battery should be maintained in a good state at all times, with care taken to keep it warm in preparation for use the next morning.

Hydrometer atop the battery permits confirmation of the condition of the battery.

Green ..... Satisfactory

Black ..... Charging is necessary

Semitransparent · · Replacement is necessary

Please refer to "3 PERIODICAL MAINTENANCE" Battery (P.74) for inspection and maintenance of battery.

### 2.12 When the Cold Season is Over

When winter is over and the warm season has come, proceed as follows:

- Change oil and fuel with those for use in warm season referring to "Rating" on page 92.

### 2.13 For a Long Storage Period

For leaving the machine unused for longer than one month, proceed as follows:

- 1) Store the machine in a closed area after cleaning.
- 2) Conduct oiling, greasing and changing of oil.
- 3) Grease lubricate the exposed portion of hydraulic cylinder piston rods.
- 4) Cover the battery after disconnecting the negative cable or take off the battery from the machine and store in a safe place.
- 5) If the temperature is expected to go down below 0°C, add antifreeze to the coolant.
- 6) With F-N-R lever placed at neutral position (N) and vibrator switch at "O" position, have the parking brake engaged.
- 7) Chock the machine.
- 8) Remove the starter key.

## 2.14 During the Storage Period

### ⚠ WARNING

If necessary to operate the machine in indoor storage space, ensure good ventilation keeping windows and doors open to prevent gas poisoning.

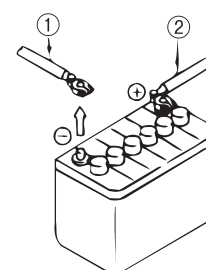
- During storage, operate the machine at least once a month to prevent the oil films on the lubricated parts from deteriorating and to charge the batteries.
- To prevent the brake linings from sticking to the brake drum, disengage the brake once a month. Exercise care not to allow the machine to move unexpectedly.

## 2.15 When the Battery has Discharged

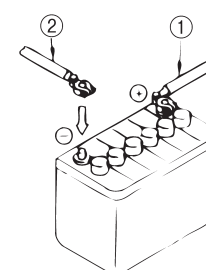
### ⚠ WARNING

- To check and handle the batteries, keep the engine stopped with the starter switch in the OFF position.
- The batteries give off explosive gases. Do not smoke close to the batteries. Keep flames and sparks away from the batteries.
- The electrolyte is very corrosive and will harm your clothing or skin. If the electrolyte has come into contact with your clothing or skin, flush with sufficient amount of water. In case the electrolyte has gotten into your eyes, flush with water and get medical help.
- To disconnect the battery cables, start with the negative terminal (earth). When connecting, start with the positive terminal. Do not allow a metallic item to bridge between the positive terminal and machine body. This can generate sparks, causing an explosion.
- Loose battery terminals can cause sparks. An explosion will result. When connecting the terminals, make certain that they are tight.

Disconnect with negative cable first



Connect with positive cable first



### ⚠ CAUTION

The power-supply voltage of this machine is 24V.



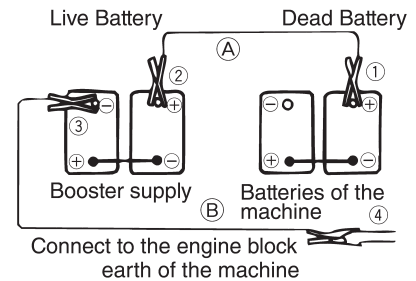
## 2. OPERATION

### 2.15.1 Connection and disconnection of booster cables

When jump-starting the engine, connect the booster cables as follows:

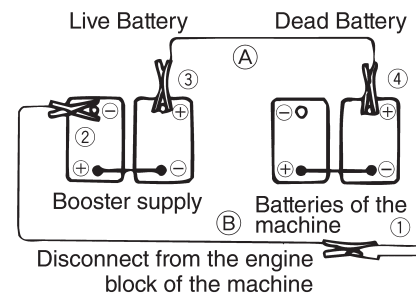
#### ■ Connection of booster cables

- 1) Connect one end of the positive booster cable (A) to the positive (+) terminal of the dead battery on the machine.
- 2) Connect the other end of the positive booster cable to the positive (+) terminal of the live power supply.
- 3) Connect the negative live power cable (B) to the negative (-) terminal of the booster supply.
- 4) Connect the other end of the negative booster cable to a good earth ground on the engine block of the machine.



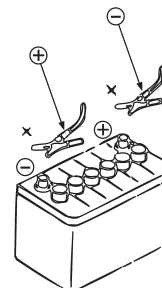
#### ■ Disconnection of booster cables

- 1) Disconnect the negative booster cable (B) from the engine block earth.
- 2) Disconnect the negative booster cable (B) from the booster supply.
- 3) Disconnect the positive booster cable (A) from the booster supply.
- 4) Disconnect the positive booster cable (A) from the machine.



**⚠ WARNING**

- Do not allow the positive (+) terminal to make contact with the negative (-) terminal when connecting the booster cables.
- Wear safety goggles when jump-starting the engine.
- Do not allow the machine to make contact with the booster supply.
- Do not make wrong connections. Connect the negative (-) cable to the engine block earth far away from the battery, as sparks may occur when connecting.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Use booster cables and end clips of proper size suited to the battery capacity.
- Use the batteries of the equal capacity for the machine and booster supply.
- Check booster cables and end clips for signs of damage and corrosion.
- Securely connect the clips.
- The power-supply voltage of this machine is 24V.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

## 3 PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

### 3.1 Precautions

Whether or not the inspection service and lubrication are performed at the correct regular intervals exerts significant influence on the occurrence of problems and service life of the machine. In this manual, typical intervals for inspection and service are given. However, flexibility should be exercised as to interval or type of services to enable your machine to always operate in the best condition.

#### IMPORTANT

- **After maintenance and inspection record the result of inspection. Remember that replacement of filter elements, replenishment and change of oil and grease, and cleaning the radiator fins are important.**  
**When draining a hot oil, use care not to get burned.**
- **The disposal of waste oil and coolant, and used filters, elements, etc., should be handled by specialized disposal companies.**

#### ⚠ WARNING

**Be sure to take adequate care not to burn yourself when replacing filters, elements, oil, etc.**

#### General precautions

- 1) Always use SAKAI genuine parts for replacement.
- 2) Use lubricants recommended by SAKAI. Avoid mixing different brand lubricants.
- 3) For hydraulic oil replenishment, changing, level checking, filter cleaning or replacement, oiling and greasing, use extreme care to prevent dust from entering.
- 4) For checking oil level or changing oil, park the machine on a level and hard surface.
- 5) Change oil while warm.
- 6) For a long-term storage, fill the fuel tank, lubricate necessary points and run the machine for more than 20 minutes once a month.
- 7) In freezing weather, add antifreeze to the coolant according to the ambient temperature.
- 8) For the hydraulic pump and motor, have them serviced at authorized service shops.
- 9) Turn the starter switch OFF when performing services such as repairing broken wires, short circuits and tightening loose terminals.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### Periodic replacement of essential maintenance parts

In order secure safety for work and travel, conduct inspection and services.

Further, for enhanced safety, following parts and components should be replaced periodically. These parts are prone to material deterioration due to aging or physical change due to friction, it is difficult to determine their useful limit by regular inspection, which makes it necessary to replace with new ones after certain period of service to ensure they function as intended.

If any defects are detected such as crack, deformation or oil leakage, go ahead and replace them even if it is within scheduled replacement time.

System or Mechanism	Part name	Periodical replacement maintenance part	Replacement period	Remarks
1 Brake system	Master cylinder	Seals (rubber parts)	2 years	
	Wheel cylinder	Seals (rubber parts)	2 years	
	Brake piping parts	Brake hose	2 years	
		Air hose	2 years	
Operating parts	Cable	4 years		
2 Steering system	Orbitrol	Seals (rubber parts)	2 years	
	Hydraulic piping parts	Hydraulic hose	2 years	
	Steering cylinder	Seals (rubber parts)	2 years	
	Hydraulic pump	Seals (rubber parts)	4 years	
3 Power transmission system (inclusive of axle)	Axle	Seals (rubber parts)	4 years	
	Travel pump	Seals (rubber parts)	4 years	
	Travel motor	Seals (rubber parts)	4 years	
	Hydraulic piping parts	Hydraulic hose	4 years	
	Isolation rubber	Isolation rubber itself	4 years	
4 Fuel system	Piping parts	Fuel hose	2 years	
5 Engine related	Engine mounting parts	Isolation rubber	4 years	
	Seals (rubber parts)	Packing and others	4 years	
	Drive parts	V-belt	2 years	or 500 hours
	Piping parts	Engine drain hose	4 years	
6 Cooling system	Piping parts	Radiator hose	2 years	
		Radiator drain hose	4 years	
7 Control related parts	Cable parts	Cable	4 years	
8 Intake system	Piping parts	Intake hose	2 years	
		CAC hose	2 years	
9 Hydraulic system	Hydraulic piping parts	Hydraulic hose	4 years	

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

- With a new machine, change the engine oil and change the engine oil filter elements after 50 hours of operation for the first time only. (refer to page 75)
- When trouble occurs in the location indicated by the indicator lamp on the dashboard display, sensor will work and corresponding lamp comes on. If this occurs, conduct necessary service regardless of the periodic service interval recommendation.
  - 1)The hydraulic filter (line filter) warning lamp ⇨ Replace elements
- Check the electric wiring at a regular interval not exceeding one month, when there is abnormality, replace it.

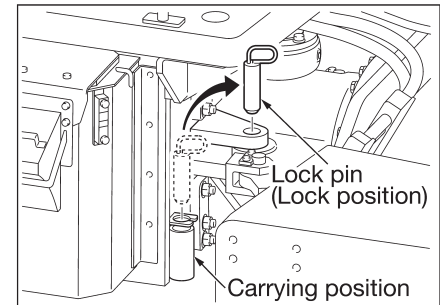
If there are some trouble on the electric wiring, replace them with new one.

  - 1)Damage to the wire harness and loose clamps
  - 2)Loose sockets
  - 3)Function of electrical systems
- For the parts other than listed above, If there are some trouble on the parts at periodic inspection or daily check. Replace them as soon as possible.

### 3.1.1 Lifting the machine by hoist

**⚠ WARNING**

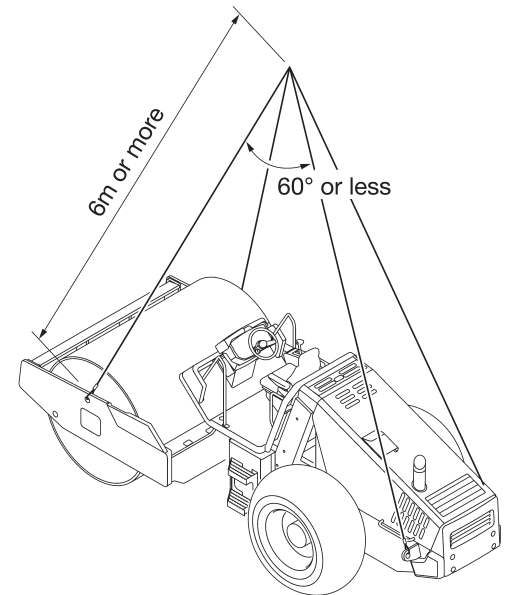
- Get a qualified personnel to lift and lower the machine on a hoist.
- Use sturdy wire ropes.
- Lock articulation by means of lock pin located at the center of machine.



**⚠ CAUTION**

Remove ROPS before starting lifting work.

- 1) Put wire ropes securely on the hook and lifting points as shown.
- 2) If wire ropes make contact with other parts of the machine, put pieces of cloth or wooden blocks at the contact points. Carefully perform lifting.
- 3) When lifting, keep the machine properly ballanced.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 3.2 Walk-around Checking

For efficient operation, daily, before-operation checking is very important. Before starting, perform walk-around checking for loose bolts, nuts and signs of leakage in addition to items as shown below

##### Hydraulic system & coupling

Oil leakage

##### Vibrating drum

Loose bolts  
Condition of shockmounts  
Unusual wear  
Damage

##### Brake pedal

Function

##### Hydraulic oil tank

Oil level

##### Engine fan belt

Looseness

##### Air cleaner

Clogging

##### Engine

Oil level  
Oil leakage

##### Radiator

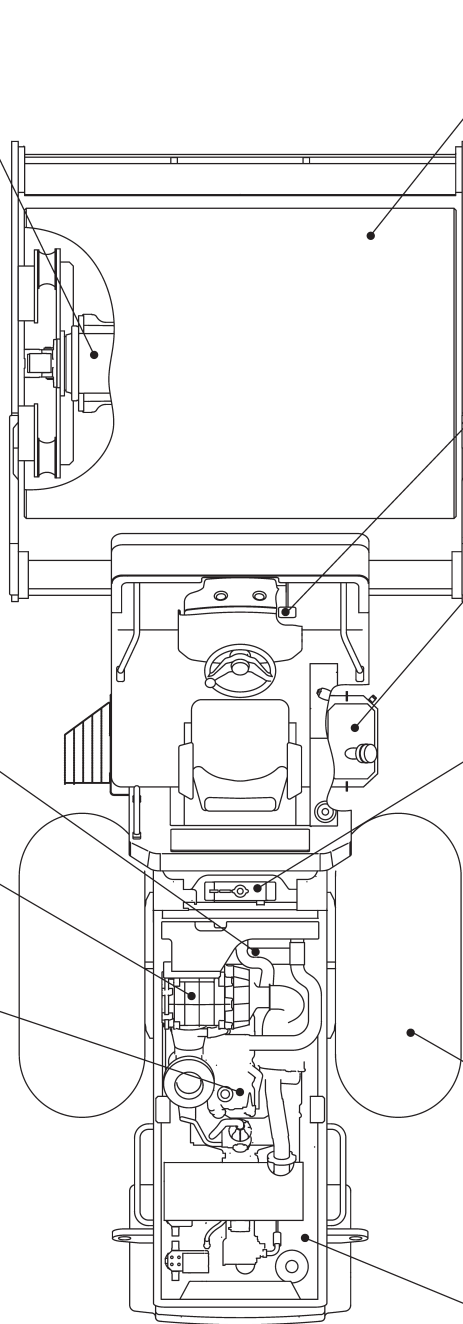
Coolant leakage  
Coolant level  
Fin cleanliness  
Clogging

##### Pneumatic tires

Unusual wear  
Damage  
Inflation 137.3kPa (20psi)

##### Fuel tank

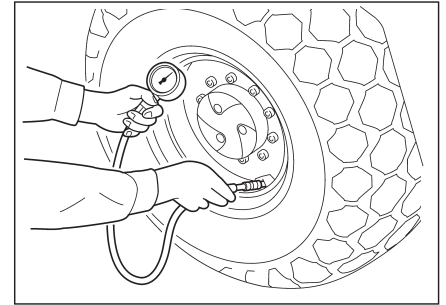
Fuel level



### 3.2.1 Tire inflation pressure check

#### Inflation pressure

Check that the inflation pressure of a tire is 137.3 kPa (20psi) with a pressure gauge when the tire has cooled down. If the pressure reading exceeds the above range, adjust the pressure accordingly.



#### ⚠ WARNING

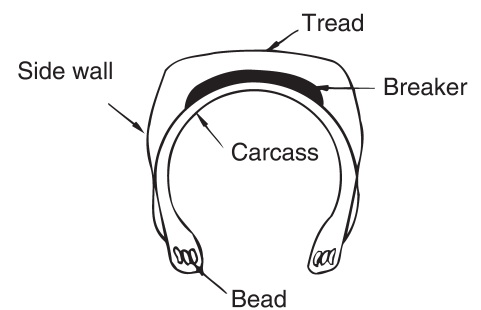
**Improper handling of a tire is dangerous and may cause flat tire and a rim to come off.**

**Do not work on a tire facing the rim, but from behind the tread of the tire while checking the inflation pressure or replenishing air into a tire.**

### 3.2.2 Checking for external injury to a tire

Check any external injury to a tire, its size and its depth (whether it has reached the carcass or not), etc.

- 1) Check for any cuts on the tread.
- 2) Check for any cracks on a rim or deformation of rim flanges.



When a tire shows one or more of the following conditions, regard it as defective, and replace the tire with a new one for safety.

- 1) When the bead wire is cut, bent or significantly deformed
- 2) When the carcass ply is showing due to excessive wear
- 3) When damaged portion of the carcass exceeds one thirds of the tire width
- 4) When a tire has ply separation (peeling)
- 5) When radial cracks reach the carcass
- 6) When the tire is not regarded as durable due to abrasion, deformation, or abnormal flaw growth.

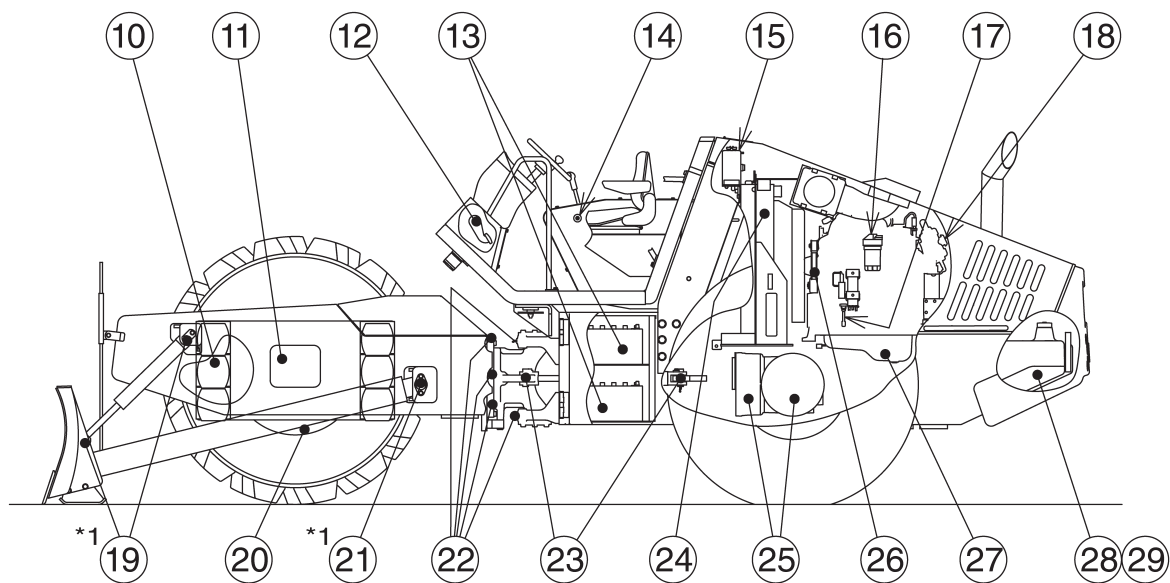
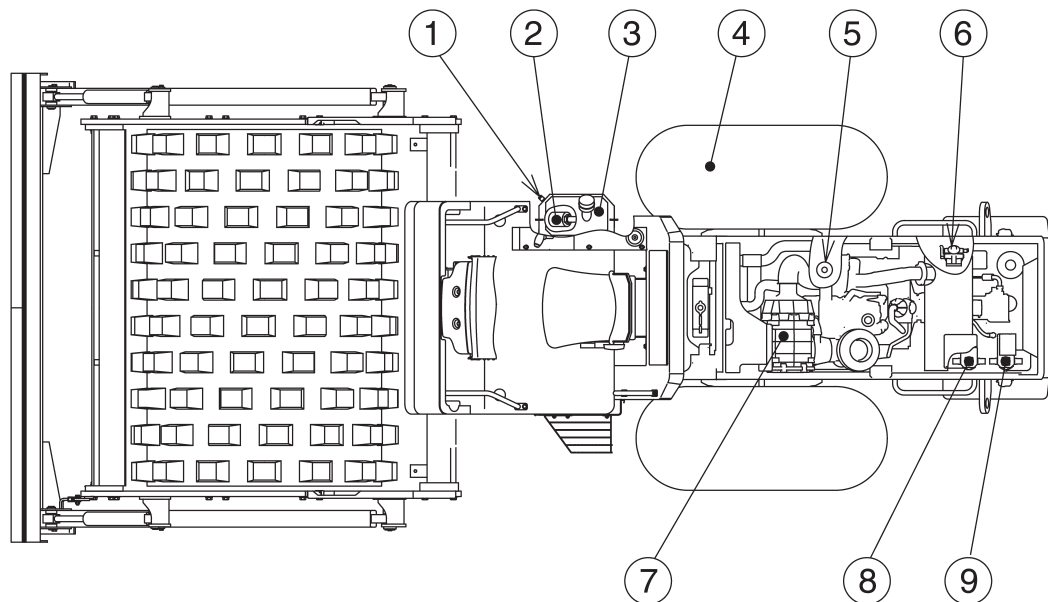
Please consult with dealer for maintenance in the following cases.

- When injury is found on the surface of a tire.
- When the degree of wear on the front, rear, right and left sides of a tire are extremely different.
- When a bent rim is found.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 3.3 Periodic Maintenance Points



\*1 SV540TB, SV540FB only

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

Interval	No.	Item	Service	Lubricant	Q'ty
Every 10 service hours or daily	⑥	Fuel pre-filter	Check, drain water and dirt		1
	⑦	Air cleaner	Check indicator		1
	⑮	Auxiliary tank	Check coolant level	Coolant	1
	⑰	Engine oil level gauge	Check oil level	Engine oil	1
	⑳	Fan belt	Check tension and unusual wear		1
Every 50 service hours	①	Hydraulic oil level gauge	Check oil level	Hydraulic oil	1
	⑫	Brake	Check function and adjust Grease 1 places		1
	⑬	Batteries	Check looseness of terminal and appearance		2
	*⑰	Blade cylinders	Grease 4 places	Grease	4
	*⑳	Push rod anchor pins	Grease 2 places	Grease	2
Every 250 service hours	⑤	Engine oil filter	Change filter element		1
	⑩	Rubber dampers	Check for cracks		SV540: 10 SV640: 12
	⑪	Gear case: Wheel motor	Check oil level, add as necessary	Gear oil	1
	⑳	Vibrator	Check oil level	Gear oil	1
	㉒	Center pin and tilt pin bearings	Grease 6 places	Grease	6
	㉓	Steering cylinders	Grease 4 places	Grease	4
	㉕	Transmission, differential case and final drive	Check oil level, add as necessary	Gear oil	1
	㉗	Engine oil pan	Change engine oil	Engine oil	1
Every 500 service hours	⑥	Fuel pre-filter	Change filter element		1
	⑧	Hydraulic oil line filter	Change filter element		1
	⑨	Hydraulic oil return filter	Change filter element		1
	⑭	Control link	Check for loose bolts and nuts Grease 1 place	Grease	1
	⑰	Fuel filter	Change filter element		1
	㉕	Transmission, differential case and final drive	Change gear oil	Gear oil	1
Every 1000 service hours	②	Hydraulic oil suction filter	Clean filter element		1
	③	Hydraulic oil tank	Change hydraulic oil	Hydraulic oil	1
	⑪	Gear case: Wheel motor	Change gear oil	Gear oil	1
	⑳	Vibrator	Change gear oil	Gear oil	1
As required	④	Tires	Check inflation		2
	⑦	Air cleaner	Change element		1
	⑱	Breather	Clean filter element		1
	㉔	Radiator	Clean fin		1
	㉘	Fuel tank	Drain water and dirt		1
	㉙	Fuel tank breather	Clean breather		1

\* SV540TB, SV540FB only

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

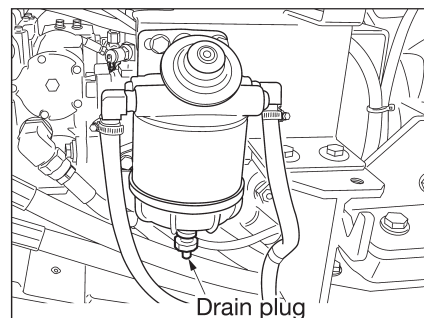
#### 3.4 Maintenance Procedure

➔ For servicing the engine, see the separate engine manual.

##### (1) Every 10 service hours or daily

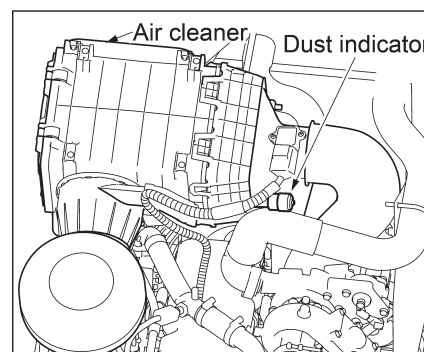
###### ⑥ Fuel pre-filter

Check the filter for water at regular intervals and drain as necessary.



###### ⑦ Air cleaner

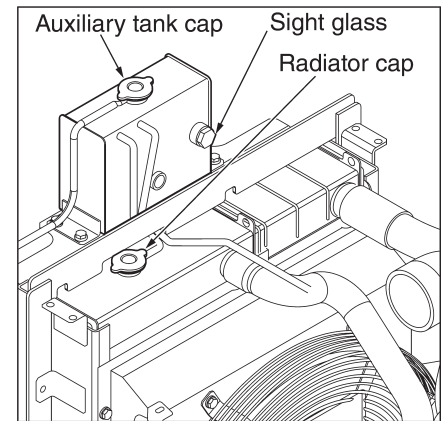
When the red float of the dust indicator reaches the service level (a mark on the indicator), change the filter element (refer to page 84).



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 15 Auxiliary tank

Check to see coolant level in the sight glass, if coolant can not be seen, replenish with the auxiliary tank cap removed. Use soft water only.



#### ⚠ CAUTION

Failure to follow this procedure can result in severe engine damage.

Fill : 1) Open heater valves that can be found beneath the engine, and turn the heater to "heat" mode (only the appropriate machine.)

2) Fill coolant at 3 gallons per minute (12 liters per minute) until coolant reaches the bottom of the fill neck. Wait for 1 minute, then top up coolant to the bottom of the fill neck if needed.

3) Start engine and run at "ECO" speed for 1 minute or until engine warning lamp comes on.

4) Turn off engine and top up coolant to bottom of fill neck if needed.

5) Replace the cap.

#### ⚠ WARNING

- Do not remove the radiator cap and auxiliary tank cap while the coolant is hot.
- Hot water may be spouted out that can cause scald.



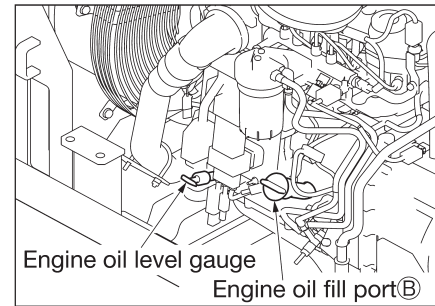
**NOTE:** Replace long-life coolant every two years. Replace the other types every year.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 17 Engine oil level gauge

➔ See the separate engine manual.

Check the amount of engine oil after the engine is completely stopped. Pull out the oil level gauge and wipe off oils by waste clothes. Re-insert the oil level gauge into the full length of the oil dip pipe and pull it out. Check that the oil level is between “ FULL ” and “ ADD ”. In case of shortage, feed oils through the engine oil fill port.



**NOTE:** When checking the amount of oils after running the engine, please check at least 15 minutes after the engine is stopped. If the machine is inclined, please move it to the flat ground before start checking it.

#### ⚠ WARNING

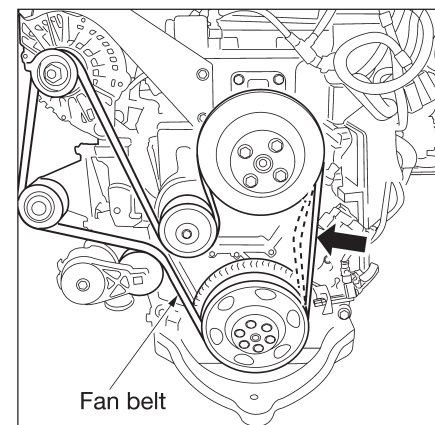
It may cause scald immediately after that the engine is stopped because the temperature of the parts and the oils may be raised. Please start checking it by waiting until the temperature is dropped.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use engine oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

#### 26 Fan belt

Check the fan belt for wear and damage. Replace as necessary.



#### IMPORTANT

Please see the separate engine manual for engine for more details on fan belts.

#### ⚠ WARNING

Make certain that the engine is completely stopped to avoid any risks when checking looseness, tensions and damages for the fan belts.  
Also make certain that the key is removed from the starter switch.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

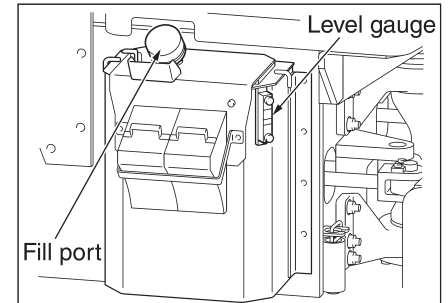
#### (2) Every 50 service hours

##### ① Hydraulic oil level gauge

Check the oil level with the sight glass on the side of tank. The level is proper if it is between H and L marks. Of necessary, add the hydraulic fluid from the fill port.

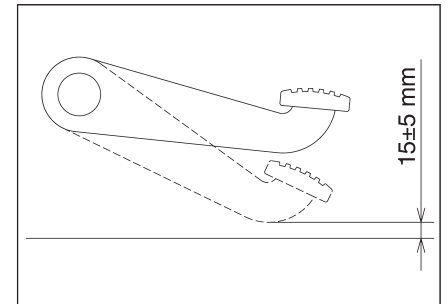
##### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use hydraulic oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).



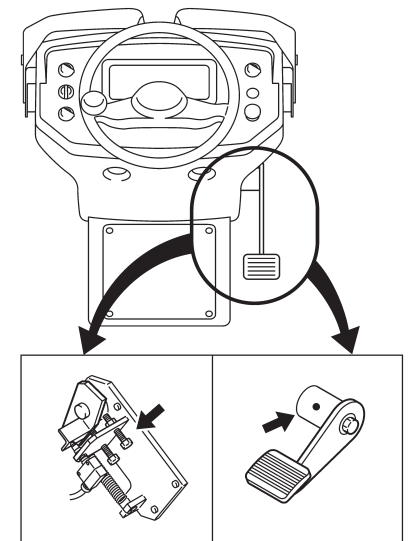
##### ⑫ Brake

When the engine is completely stopped, step on the brake pedal by two or three times. After this, while forcefully keep stepping on the brake pedal for more than five seconds, check the gap between the brake pedal and the floor panel by rulers. It is appropriate if the gap between the brake pedal and floor panel is 15 mm  $\pm$  5 mm.



Also check that each bolt is not loose, the motion of the brake pedal is smooth, and the brake pedal is properly resilient when stepping it on.

Apply grease to the brake pedal shaft.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 13 Batteries

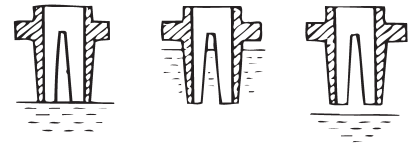
Maintenance-free batteries are installed at the time of delivery.

#### Inspection and maintenance methods for installed batteries.

- 1) Check the color of the hydrometer attached to the battery top to charge or replace the battery.  
Green ... Satisfactory  
Black ... Charging is necessary  
Semitransparent ... Replacement is necessary
- 2) Retighten any loose terminal. Apply grease or vaseline to the terminals to retard rusting.
- 3) Be sure to tighten the battery holder if it is loose.

#### Inspection and maintenance methods for non-maintenance-free batteries.

- 1) With the caps removed, check to see if the electrolyte level is above the plates.
- 2) Add distilled water or battery fluid commercially available if the level is too low.
- 3) Retighten any loose terminal. Apply grease or vaseline to the terminals to retard rusting.
- 4) Be sure to tighten the battery holder if it is loose.



Proper

Excessive

Insufficient

#### **⚠ WARNING**

- The battery contains diluted sulfuric acid, which will dissolve clothes and skin. Should you get battery fluid on your clothes or skin, wash it off immediately with copious quantities of clean water.
- If you get it in your eyes, rinse them straight away with clean water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- If you accidentally ingest it, drink copious quantities of water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- Always wear safety glasses when handling the battery.
- The battery generates hydrogen gas, so there is a danger of explosions. Avoid recharging the battery, keep cigarettes and flames away, etc., in poorly ventilated places when there is a danger of generating sparks.
- The inspection and handling of batteries should be carried out with the engine turned off and the starter switch in the "OFF" position.
- Be careful not to accidentally connect the two battery terminals with tools or other metallic objects.
- Tangled terminals may generate sparks due to improper connections, resulting in the danger of explosions. Make sure terminals are connected firmly.
- The battery is for starting the engine and operating electrical equipment on the machine. Do not use it for any other purpose.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ⚠ CAUTION

- Use only batteries recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 92).
- The power-supply voltage of this machine is 24V.

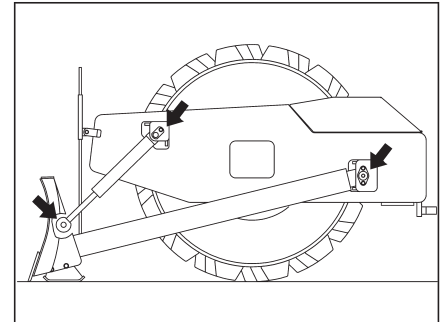
⑲ **Blade cylinders** (For model SV540TB, SV540FB)

⑳ **Push rod anchor pins** (For model SV540TB, SV540FB)

Apply grease at 6 locations.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use grease recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).



### (3) Every 250 service hours

⑤ **Engine oil filter**

⑳ **Engine oil pan**

➔ See the separate engine manual.

- 1) After completion of operation and while the oil is warm, drain the oil with the drain plug ① removed.

#### ⚠ WARNING

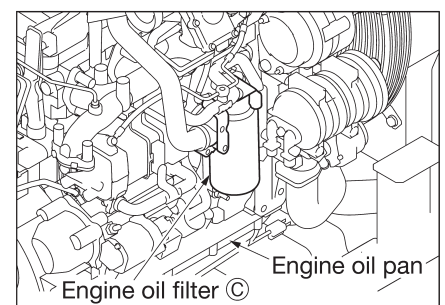
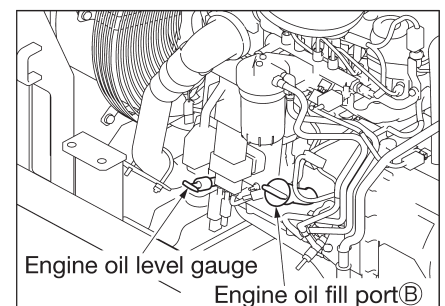
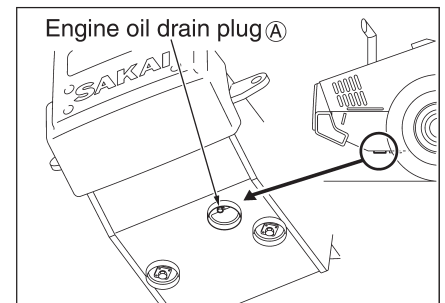
When draining a hot oil, use care not to get burned.

- 2) Put the shield tape on it, refit the drain plug ① and fill the crankcase with the engine oil from the fill port ② .
- 3) Change the oil filter ③ .

**NOTE:** For a new machine, change oil at 50 operating hours for the initial time only.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use engine oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

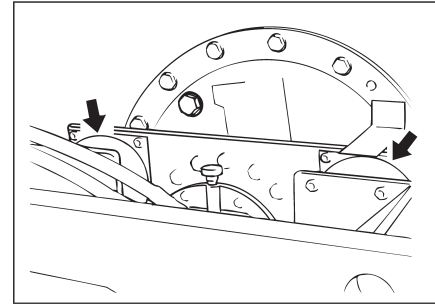




### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

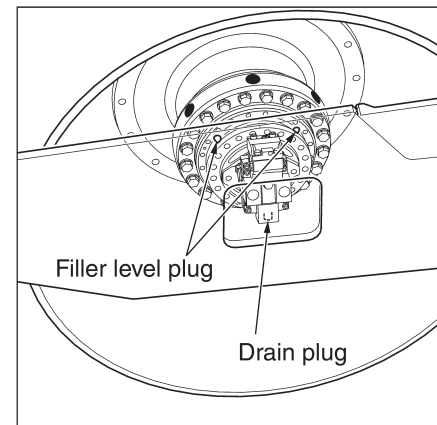
#### ⑩ Rubber dampers

Check the rubber blocks for cracks, and their mounting bolts for looseness.



#### ⑪ Gear case : Wheel moter

- 1) Position the drum so that the drain plug comes to the bottom. Keep the three sailent parts (indicated in black in the figure) on the axle shaft to face forward.
- 2) Remove the fill / level plugs.
- 3) Check the oil level and fill the oil through the fill port until it overflows at the level port as necessary.
- 4) Refit the fill / level plugs.

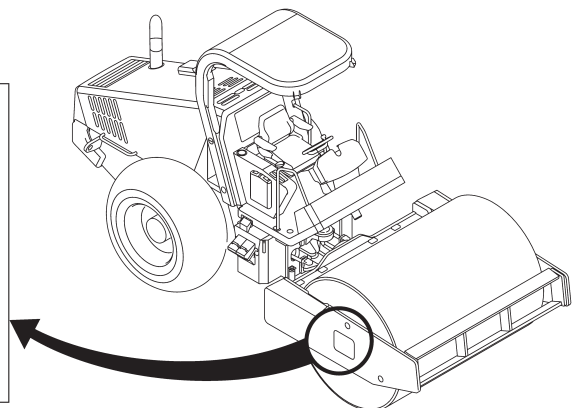
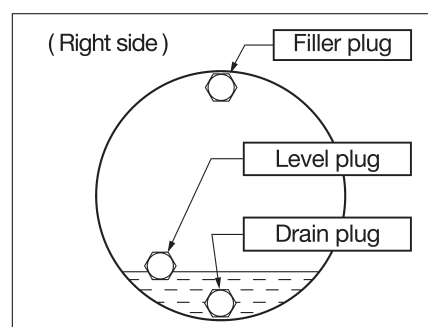


#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

#### ⑳ Vibrator

Check for the oil level and leakage.



#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

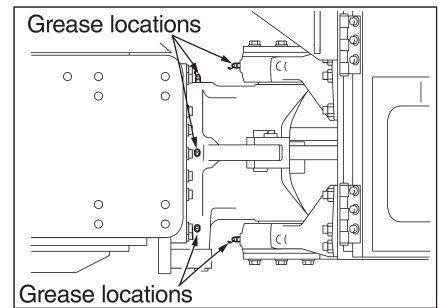
### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 22 Center pin and tilt pin bearings

Apply grease at 6 locations.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use grease recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).



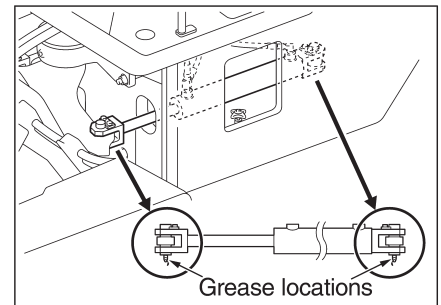
#### 23 Steering cylinders

Apply grease at 4 locations.

The steering cylinder is provided on both sides of the machine.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use grease recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

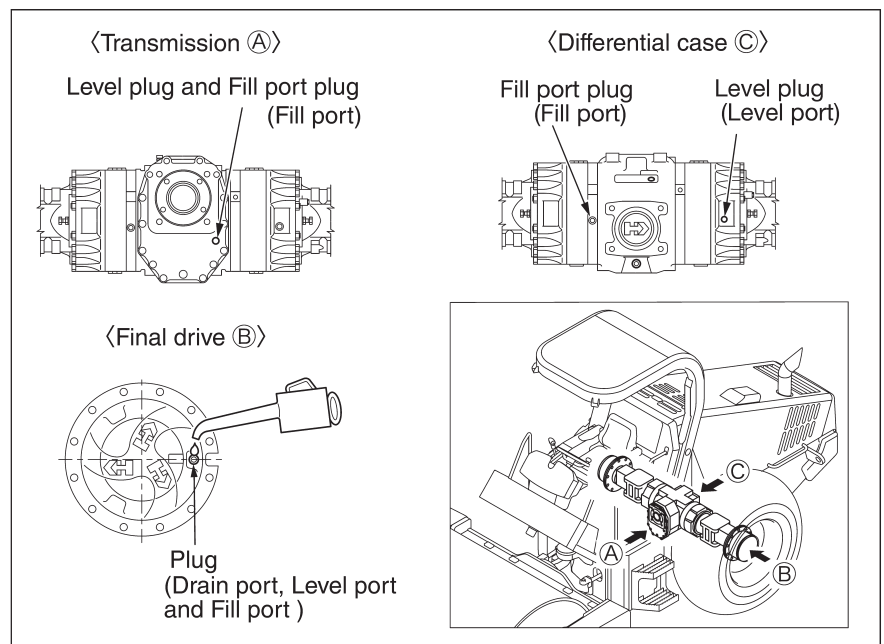


#### 25 Transmission, Differential case and final drive

Check for oil level, and add oil through the fill port as necessary.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use grease recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

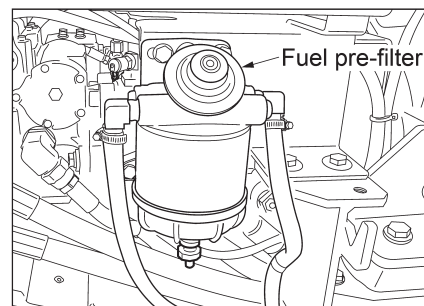


### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### (4) Every 500 service hours

##### ⑥ Fuel pre-filter

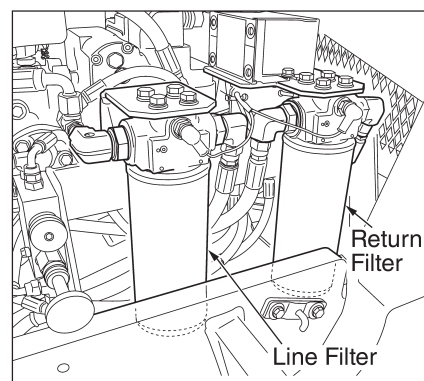
Change the filter elements.



##### ⑧ Hydraulic oil line filter

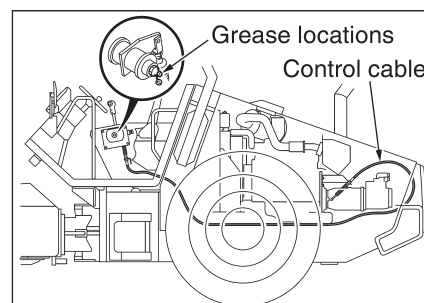
##### ⑨ Hydraulic oil return filter

Change the filter elements.



##### ⑭ Control link

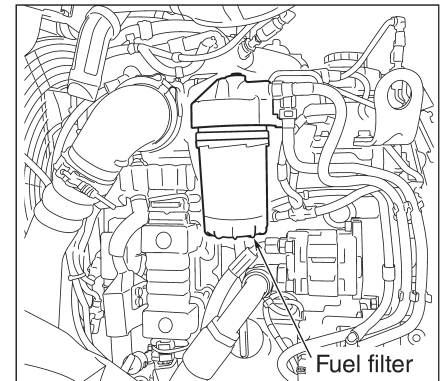
- 1) Check the nuts for looseness.
- 2) Apply grease to F-N-R lever shaft.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ⑩ Fuel filter

➔ See the separate engine manual.  
Change the filter cartridge.

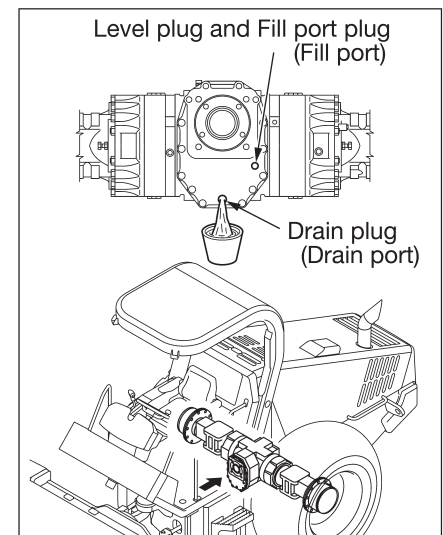


#### ⑫ Transmission

- 1) Drain the gear reducer oil by removing the drain plug.
- 2) Refit the drain plug.
- 3) Take off the level plug and fill port plug.
- 4) Fill oil through the fill port until oil starts overflowing from the level port.
- 5) Refit the level plug and fill port plug.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI  
(refer to page 90).



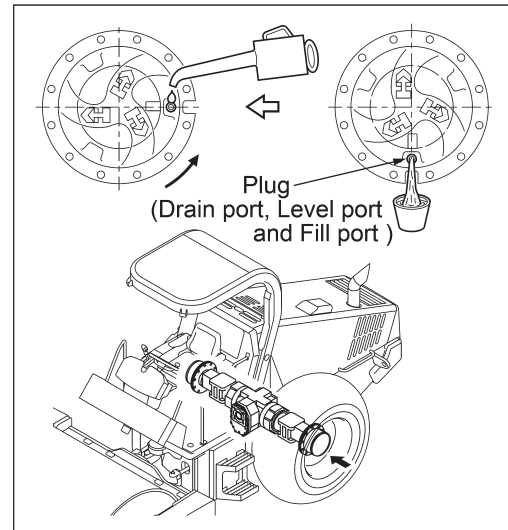
### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ②⑤ Final drive

- 1) Rotate the wheel till the drain port is located at the lowest position. Remove plug to drain oil.
- 2) At the final drive, adjust the position of plug until it is parallel to the ground.
- 3) Fill oil through the fill port till oil overflows from the level port.
- 4) When the final drive case is filled to the specified level, refit the removed plugs.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

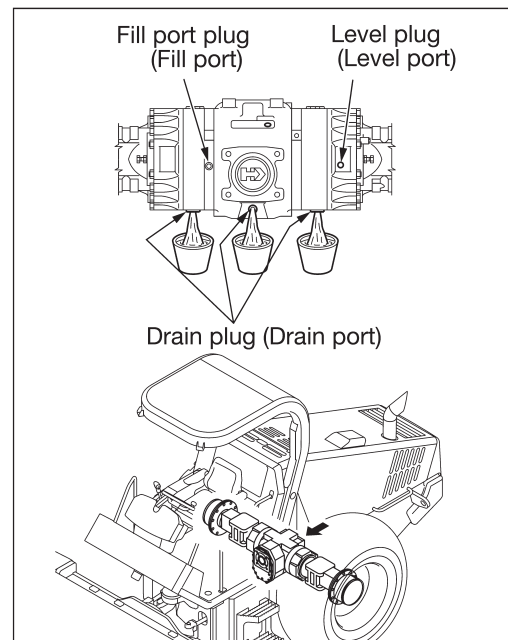


#### ②⑤ Differential case

- 1) Drain oil by removing the drain plug, fill port plug and level plug.
- 2) Refit the drain plug.
- 3) Fill oil through the fill port till it overflows from the level port.
- 4) Refit the removed plugs.

#### ⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).



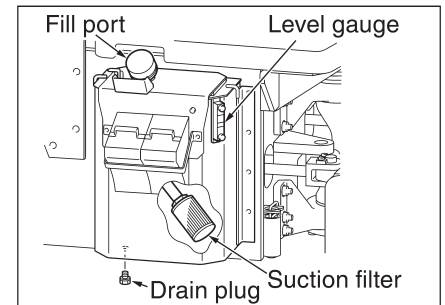
(5) Every 1,000 service hours

② Hydraulic oil suction filter

Take off the hydraulic tank cover. Take out and clean the strainer, change the strainer if necessary.

③ Hydraulic oil tank

- 1) Remove the drain plug, and drain oil while it is warm.
- 2) Clean inside of the tank, and fill fresh oil to the specified level.
- 3) Start and run the engine at idling for 2 to 5 minutes. When the hydraulic oil has become free from air bubbles, stop the engine and recheck the oil level.



**⚠ WARNING**

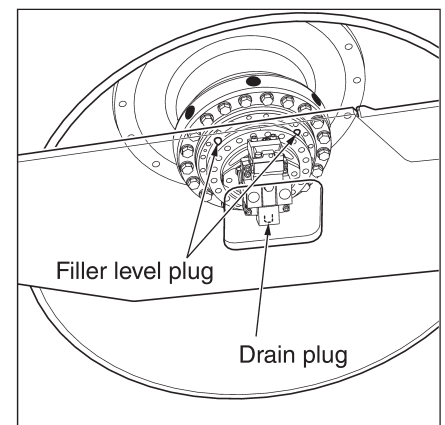
When draining a hot oil, use care not to get burned.

**⚠ CAUTION**

Be sure to use hydraulic oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

⑪ Gear case : Wheel moter

- 1) Position the drum so that the drain plug comes to the bottom. Keep the three salient parts (indicated in black in the figure) on the axle shaft to face upward.
- 2) Remove the drain plug and fill / level plugs and drain the oil while it is warm.
- 3) Refit the drain plug and fill the oil through the fill port until it overflows at the level port.
- 4) Refit the fill / level plugs.



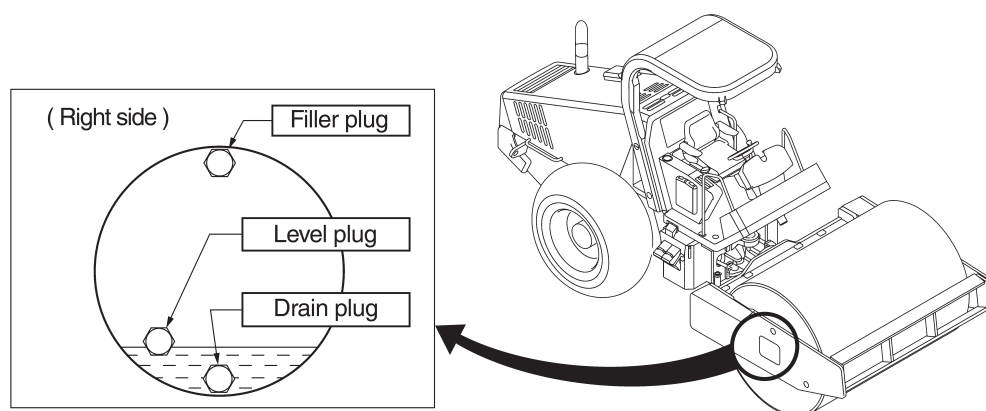
**⚠ CAUTION**

Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ⑳ Vibrator

- 1) Rotate the drum till the drain plug comes to bottom.
- 2) Remove drain plug, level gauge plug and filler plug.
- 3) Drain oil from vibrator.
- 4) Clean the vibrator before reinstalling it.
- 5) Feed oil at filler port until oil flows out of level gauge hole.
- 6) Reinstall the level gauge plug as well as filler plug after cleaning them.



#### ⚠ WARNING

When draining a hot oil, use care not to get burned.

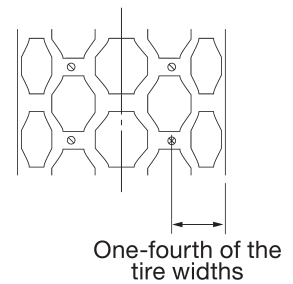
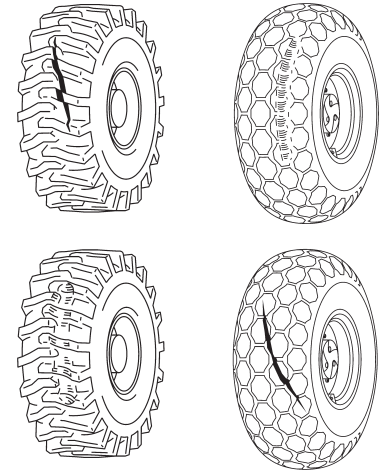
#### ⚠ CAUTION

- The oil capacity of the vibrator is 34 liters. Do not fill more than 34 liters.
- Be sure to use gear oil recommended by SAKAI (refer to page 90).

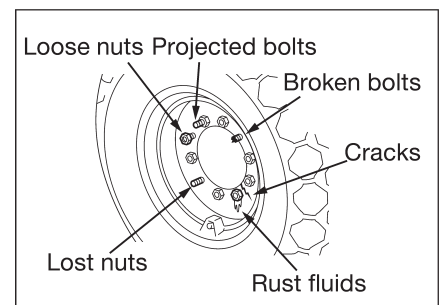
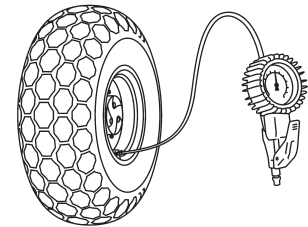
(6) As required

④ Tires

- 1) Check if there are wears and flaws.  
Please check if there are any cracks and damages such as wears on one side, partial wears, step-shaped wears, nails and stones stuck or cut into the tires on the contacting surfaces with the grounds, both side surfaces and all around of the tires. If you find any abnormal conditions, replace tires.
- 2) Check air pressures. Check air pressures with tire gauges when tires are cool enough, and make certain that they are at 137.3 kPa {20psi}. Adjust air pressures of the tires if they are NOT appropriate.
- 3) Check whether or not the wheel nuts are loose. Check if the wheel hub nuts are loose or fallen off or if wheel hub bolts are broken. Also check if there are any rust fluids and/or whether or NOT the lengths of all the wheel hub bolts projected out of the wheel hub nuts are the same.



Check the wheel hub nut for looseness. If it is loose, tighte'n it. Be sure to torque it to the specified value.  
Tightening torque: **630 N·m**





### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ⚠ CAUTION

- Turn the wheel hub nut in the tightening direction during inspection.
- Excessive tightening of the wheel hub nut will lead to breakage of bolts or cracks in the disc wheel. Be sure to observe the specified torque.

**NOTE:** Tighten the wheel hub nut 50 hours after purchase of a new machine or replacement of tires.

#### Drum

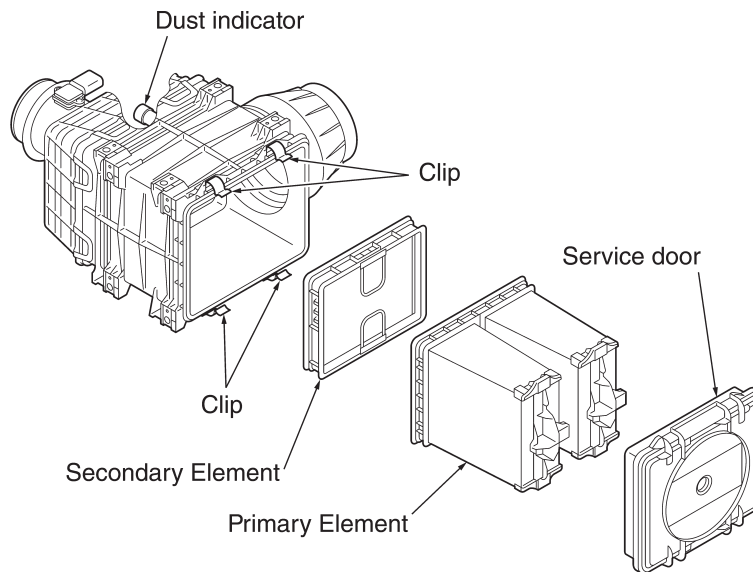
The drum may be worn deeply and broken depending on the operation method and the condition of the site. Check the drum occasionally in the same way as tires.

#### ⑦ Air cleaner

When the red float of the dust indicator reaches the service level (a mark on the indicator), change the element as described below.

- 1) Release the service door clips to remove the primary element from the main filter housing.
- 2) Primary Element:

Grasp the handle in the center of the element and pull the filter element outward.  
Clean the inside of the housing with a damp rag to remove all loose dirt and dust.



3) Secondary Element

**⚠ CAUTION**

Take caution when removing the secondary element. Any loose debris can fall into the air intake plumbing leading directly to the engine. Clean the area around the secondary filter element and replace the secondary promptly to avoid engine contamination ingestion.

**⚠ CAUTION**

Do not attempt to clean the filter element. Cleaning filter elements by impact or compressed air voids the warranty and can degrade or damage the filter media leading to malfunction.

**NOTE:** The secondary element should be changed every third time that the primary element is changed, If the primary element has been breached then an inspection of the secondary filter must be performed and changed if necessary.  
The secondary element is removed by pulling on the plastic ring tabs on the inside face of the filter element.

**⚠ WARNING**

- **Stop the engine before inspection, cleaning, or maintenance, otherwise dust will enter the engine, causing the breakdown of the engine.**
- **Wear protective goggles, a dust respirator, and other protective gear before cleaning the air cleaner and outer element in order to prevent dust from entering your eyes or nose.**
- **Be sure to use our genuine element.**

4) Attach the element and service door it with a clips.

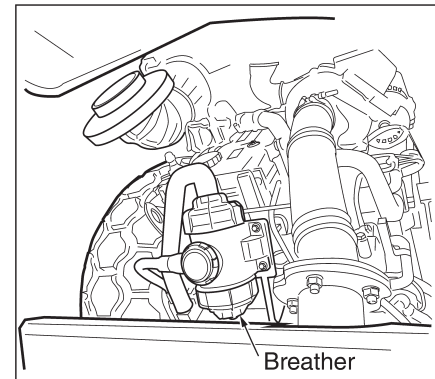
### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### ⑱ Breather

➔ See the separate engine manual.

Provide inspection and cleaning of the breather hoses and breather filter element.

When you find any damage, make sure to replace it.



#### ⑳ Radiator

Clean the cooling fins.

#### ⚠ WARNING

Use the safety glasses or goggles during the use of compressed air.

#### IMPORTANT

If the discharge rate of compressed air or tap water is too high, it can damage the radiator or the fins of the oil cooler. Keep a distance of 500mm or more between the nozzle and the core surface.

In case dirt or dust is attached, clean the radiator, the oil cooler and the core with compressed air or tap water.

It is to prevent performance decline of the cooling system.

#### IMPORTANT

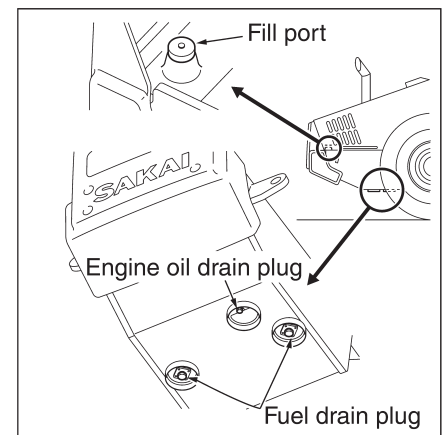
Don't use any driver or steel spatula (or paddle). If it rubs the fins, it can damage the tubing.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 28 Fuel tank

- 1) With the drain plug removed, remove the water and sediment from the bottom of the tank.
- 2) If sedimentation is substantial, remove the drain plug and clean the interior of the tank.
- 3) When the necessary work and refueling are complete, tighten the filler cap positively.

**NOTE:** When removing the water and sediment from the tank filled with the fuel, the fuel will gush out if the drain plug is screwed out completely.



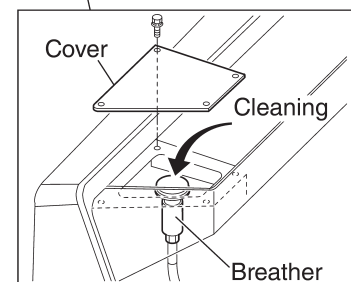
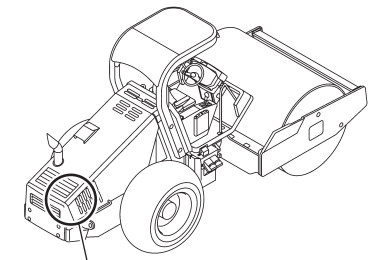
#### **⚠ WARNING**

- The fuel will catch fire if open flames or ignition sources are used close to it.
- Do not smoke or use a match or cigarette lighter close to it.



#### 29 Fuel tank breather

- 1) Remove four bolts.
- 2) Open a cover and clean an inside.
- 3) Attach a cover and bind four bolts tight.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### 3.5 Consumable Parts

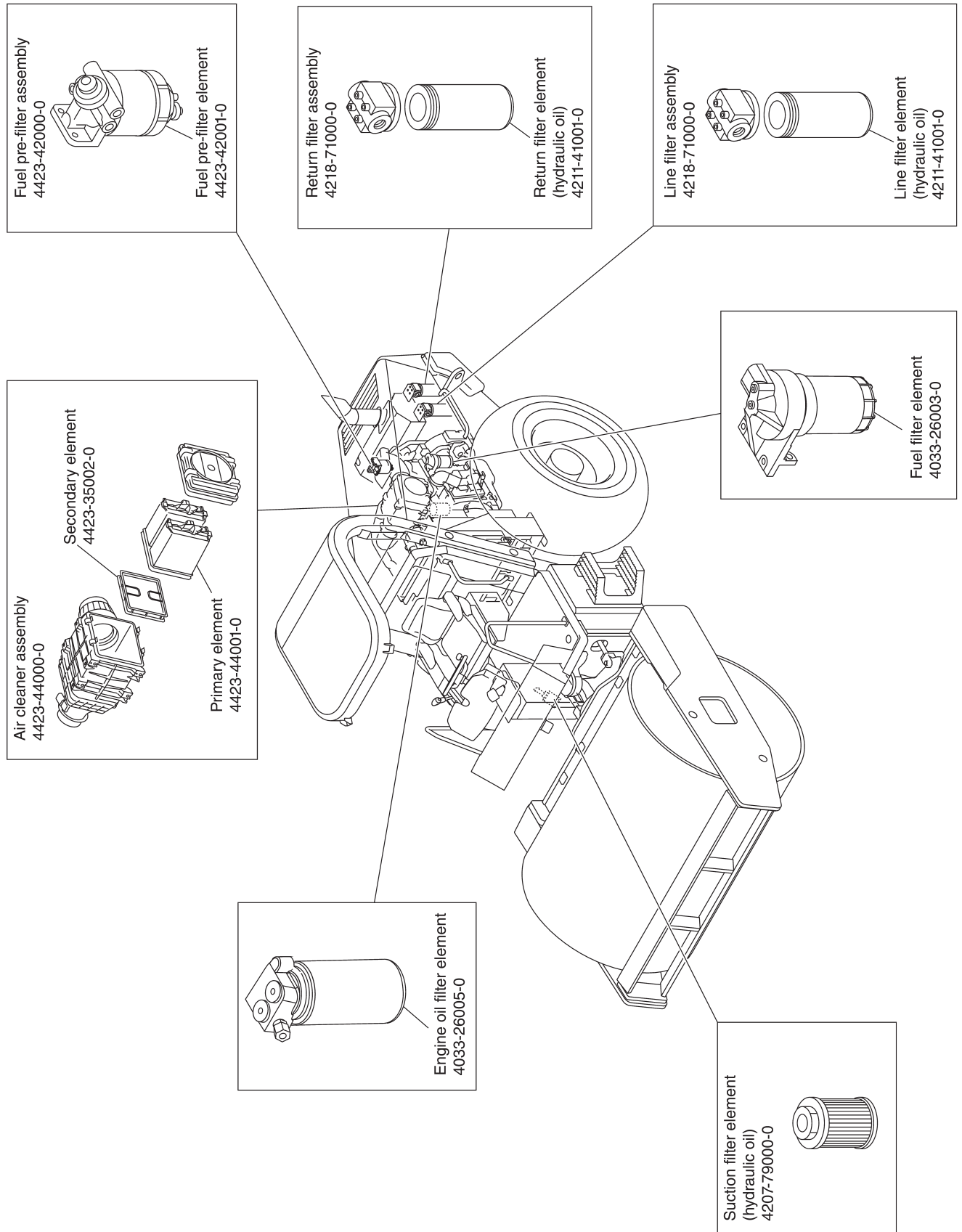
Replace consumable parts such as filter elements and air cleaner elements during periodical maintenance or before reaching the wear limit. Proper replacement of consumable parts will improve the overall life of the machine, resulting in cost-effective operations.

Use genuine SAKAI parts as replacement parts.

The part numbers are subject to change due to the improvements to the parts. When ordering parts, make sure to obtain the latest part numbers by checking with our distributorship or one of our certified service shops of the version, model name and model number of the machine in use.

Consumable Part	Part No.	Interval		Remark
		Annual replacement (year)	Replacement per operation (hours)	
Engine oil filter element	4033-26005-0	0.25	250	
Return filter assembly	4218-71000-0		As required	
Return filter element (hydraulic oil)	4211-41001-0		500	
Line filter assembly	4218-71000-0		As required	
Line filter element (hydraulic oil)	4211-41001-0		500	
Fuel pre-filter assembly	4423-42000-0		As required	
Fuel pre-filter element	4423-42001-0	0.5	500	
Fuel filter element	4033-26003-0	0.5	500	
Suction filter element (hydraulic oil)	4207-79000-0		1000	
Air cleaner assembly	4423-44000-0		As required	
Primary element	4423-44001-0		As required	
Secondary element	4423-35002-0		As required	They should be replaced with new ones once in every three times of Primary elements' replacement.

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

## 3.6 Fluid and Lubricant Capacities

### (1) General rules

- 1) Never feed water or lubricant with the strainer removed.
- 2) Use recommended lubricant and hydraulic fluid.
- 3) Do not use lubricants and hydraulic fluid of different brands.
- 4) When replacing oil, drain it completely and clean the container with flushing oil before filling new oil.
- 5) When fueling SAKAI machines, be sure to use the fuel that we specify or recommend.  
Nonconformance resulting from use of fuel and lube oil other than those specified or recommended by SAKAI is not covered by our warranty and repair service.

### (2) Capacity

Compartment	Type of fluid	Capacity in liters (gal.)
Fuel tank	Diesel oil	265 (70.0)
Engine oil pan	Engine oil	12 (3.2)
Hydraulic oil tank	Hydraulic oil	50 (13.0)
Wheel motor	Gear oil	4.5 (1.2)
Radiator	Coolant	23.4 (6.2)
Vibrator	Gear oil	34 (9.0)
Transmission	Gear oil	2.0 (0.5)
Differential	Gear oil	11 (2.9)
Final drives	Gear oil	1.75 x 2 (0.5 x 2)

### (3) Rating

Lubricant	Service classification	Ambient temp. and applicable viscosity rating			Applicable standards
		-15 – 30°C (5 – 86°F) Cold	0 – 40°C (32 – 104°F) Moderate	15 – 55°C (59 – 131°F) Tropical	
Engine oil	API grade CJ-4	SAE 15W-40	SAE 15W-40	SAE 15W-40	MIL-L-2104B
Gear oil	API grade GL5	SAE 80W-90	SAE 90	SAE 140	MIL-L-2105
Hydraulic oil	Anti wear	ISO-VG32 over VI 140	ISO-VG46 over VI 140	ISO-VG68 over VI 110	ISO-3448
Grease	Lithium type extreme pressure				NLGI-2
Fuel	Diesel oil				ASTM D975-2D

**(4) Recommended lubricants**

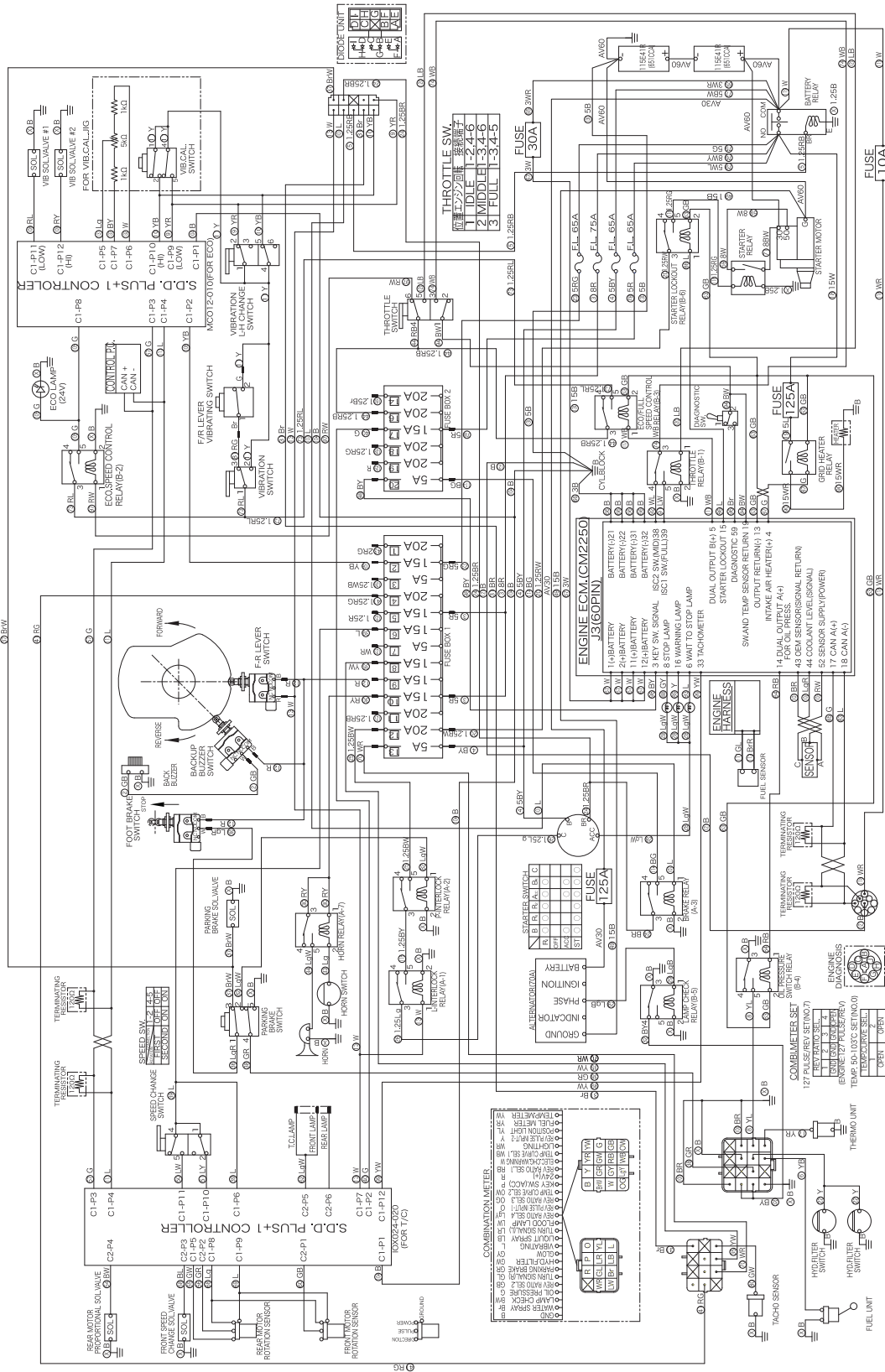
Lubricant Oil company	Engine oil API – CJ4	Gear oil API GL 5	Hydraulic oil ISO-VG 46	Grease (NLGI – 2)
CHEVRON	DELO 400 LE	RPM Universal Gear Lubricants	Rando HDZ 46	Multifak EP 2
BP	—	BP Energear HYPO – U	Bartran HV 46	BP Energrease LS – EP 2
CASTROL	Tection Extra	EXP Gear OILS	Castrol Hyspin AWH 46	Castrol Spheerol ELP 2
EXXON MOBIL	Mobil Delvac 1 ESP	Mobilube HD	Mobil DTE 10 Excel 46	Mobilux EP 2
SHELL	Shell Rimula R4 L	Shell Spirax S2 A 90	Shell Tellus S2V 46	Shell Alvania Greases EP 2

- CAUTION:**
- 1) Fill the fluid reservoirs with the filters installed.
  - 2) Use recommended fuels and lubricants only.
  - 3) Use the hydraulic oils which specifications are as clean as ISO4406 18/13 or above.



### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

## 3.7 Electric Wiring Diagram



**CAUTION: Size of wires not indicated by letters are AV 0.85.**

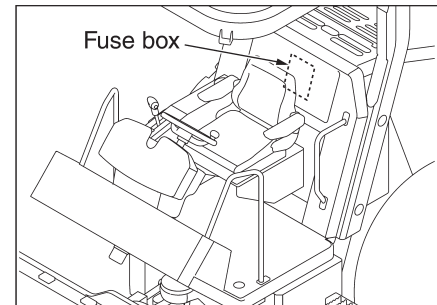
Color of wire		B	Br	BR	BrR	Brown/Red stripe	GR	Green/Red stripe	LR	Blue/Red stripe	P	Pink	RW	Red/White stripe	WR	White/Red stripe	YR	Yellow/Red stripe	LB	Blue/Black stripe	
Black	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe	Black/Red stripe
BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR	BR
BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW	BW
BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY	BY
Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br	Br

**Color of wire**

### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### **Fuse box**

The fuse box houses eight 20A-fuses, seven 15A-fuses, three 5A-fuses, lined up with spares fitted for 20A-fuses, 15A-fuses, 5A-fuses and 10A-fuse. Use fuses of correct capacity. (refer to page 37)



**NOTE:** When a fuse is burned, determine the cause before replacing.

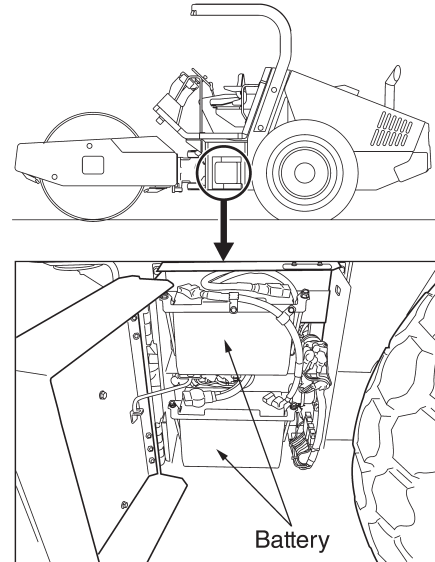
### 3. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

#### Battery

##### IMPORTANT

When this machine is shipped, maintenance free battery is installed.

- ★ Leaving the battery unused for long without attention or using its power excessively at a time can cause damage to the plates, leading to a shortened life.
- ★ For long-term storage, charge it fully, tighten the caps securely, store in a cool and dry place, and check the level of charge at least once a month.
- ★ Maintain the level of charge above 75%.
- ★ In cold weather, it is desirable to start the engine with the battery charged 100%. Do not try to start the engine with less than 75%.



##### ⚠ WARNING

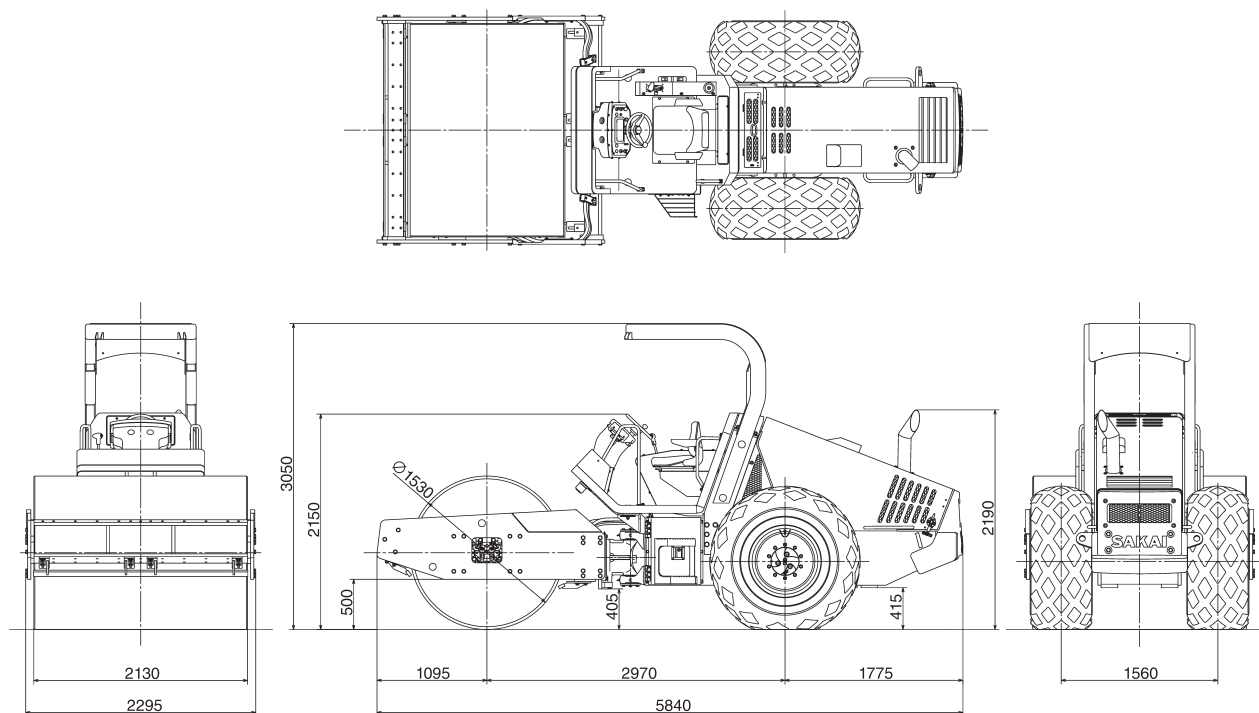
- The battery contains diluted sulfuric acid, which will dissolve clothes and skin. Should you get battery fluid on your clothes or skin, wash it off immediately with copious quantities of clean water.
- If you get it in your eyes, rinse them straight away with clean water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- If you accidentally ingest it, drink copious quantities of water and immediately seek the help of a doctor.
- Always wear safety glasses when handling the battery.
- The battery generates hydrogen gas, so there is a danger of explosions. Avoid recharging the battery, keep cigarettes and flames away, etc., in poorly ventilated places when there is a danger of generating sparks.
- The inspection and handling of batteries should be carried out with the engine turned off and the starter switch in the "OFF" position.
- Be careful not to accidentally connect the two battery terminals with tools or other metallic objects.
- Tangled terminals may generate sparks due to improper connections, resulting in the danger of explosions. Make sure terminals are connected firmly.
- The battery is for starting the engine and operating electrical equipment on the machine. Do not use it for any other purpose.

##### ⚠ CAUTION

The power-supply voltage of this machine is 24V.

## 4 SPECIFICATIONS

### (1) SV540D

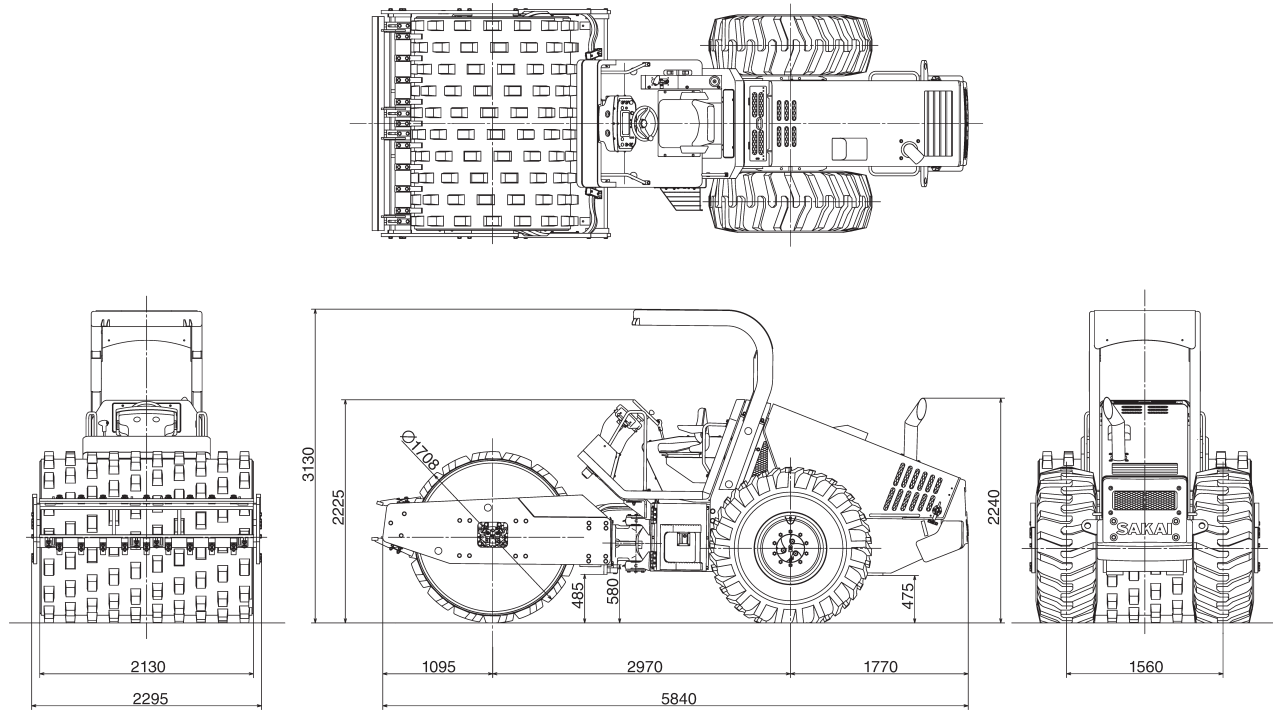


<b>Model</b>	<b>SV540D</b>	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	10,710 kg (23,610 lbs)	
On front axle	5,470 kg (12,060 lbs)	
On rear axle	5,240 kg (11,550 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	5,840 mm (230")	
Overall width	2,295 mm (90")	
Overall height	3,050 mm (120")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Smooth	1,530 x 2,130 mm (60" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1-26-8 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0 – 6 km/h (0 – 3.7 mile/h)	
	2nd 0 – 10 km/h (0 – 6.2 mile/h)	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz {2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz {1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN (38,666 lbs)	255 kN (57,324 lbs)
Gradability	62% (32°)	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>		
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

### (2) SV540DF

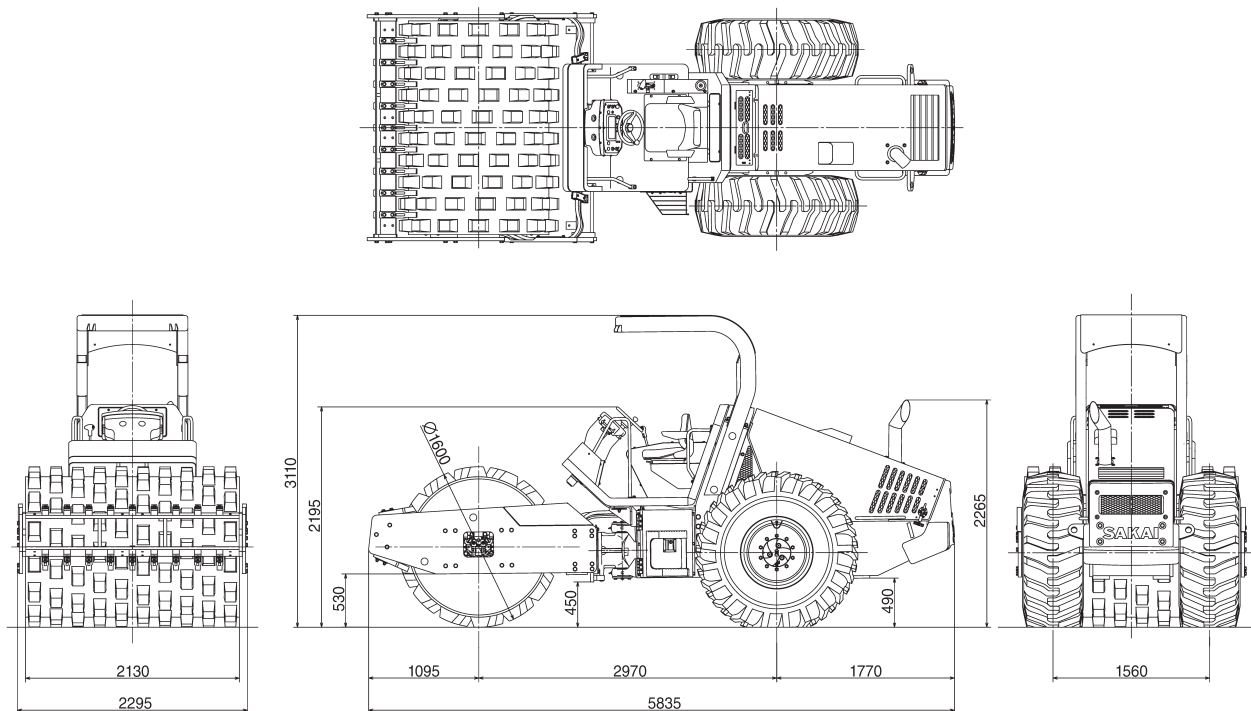


<b>Model</b>	<b>SV540DF</b>		<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
<b>Weight:</b>			Frequency	33.3 Hz {2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz {1,700 vpm}
Gross weight	12,385 kg (27,305 lbs)		Centrifugal force	172 kN (38,666 lbs)	255 kN (57,324 lbs)
On front axle	7,215 kg (15,905 lbs)				
On rear axle	5,170 kg (11,400 lbs)				
<b>Dimension:</b>			Gradability	48% (26°)	
Overall length	5,840 mm (230")		Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Overall width	2,295 mm (90")		Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
Overall height	3,130 mm (123")		<b>Engine:</b>		
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")		Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Wheel			Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Front	Roll (dia. x width)		Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Smooth	1,530 x 2,130 mm (60" x 84")		Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
Pad	1,708 x 2,130 mm (67" x 84")				
Rear	Tire		<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
	23.1- 26 - 10 PR (OR)		Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
<b>Performance:</b>			Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	
Travel speed					
	1st 0 - 6 km/h (0 - 3.7 mile/h)				
	2nd 0 - 10 km/h (0 - 6.2 mile/h)				

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

### (3) SV540T

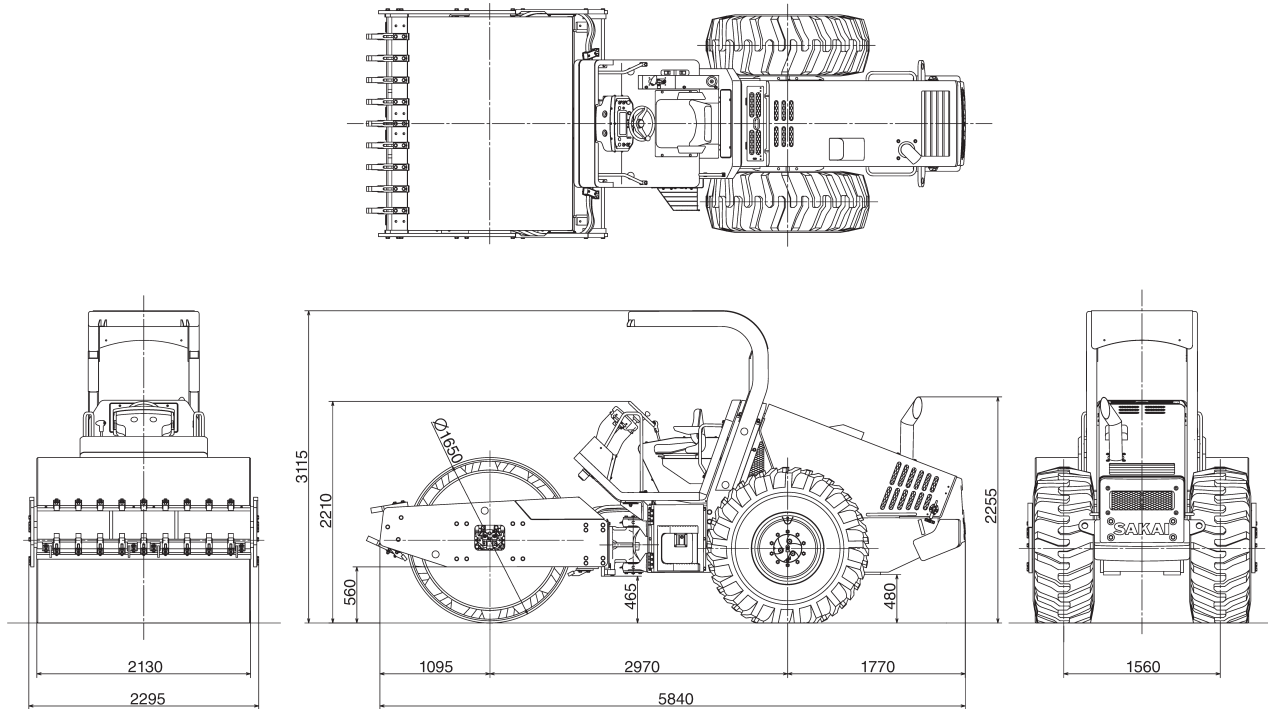


Model	SV540T	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	11,090 kg (24,450 lbs)	
On front axle	5,855 kg (12,910 lbs)	
On rear axle	5,235 kg (11,540 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	5,835 mm (230")	
Overall width	2,295 mm (90")	
Overall height	3,110 mm (122")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Pad	1,600 x 2,130 mm (63" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1-26-10 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0 – 6 km/h (0 – 3.7 mile/h) 2nd 0 – 10 km/h (0 – 6.2 mile/h)	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz{2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz{1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN(38,666 lbs)	255 kN(57,324 lbs)
Gradability	62% (32°)	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>		
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

### (4) SV540TF

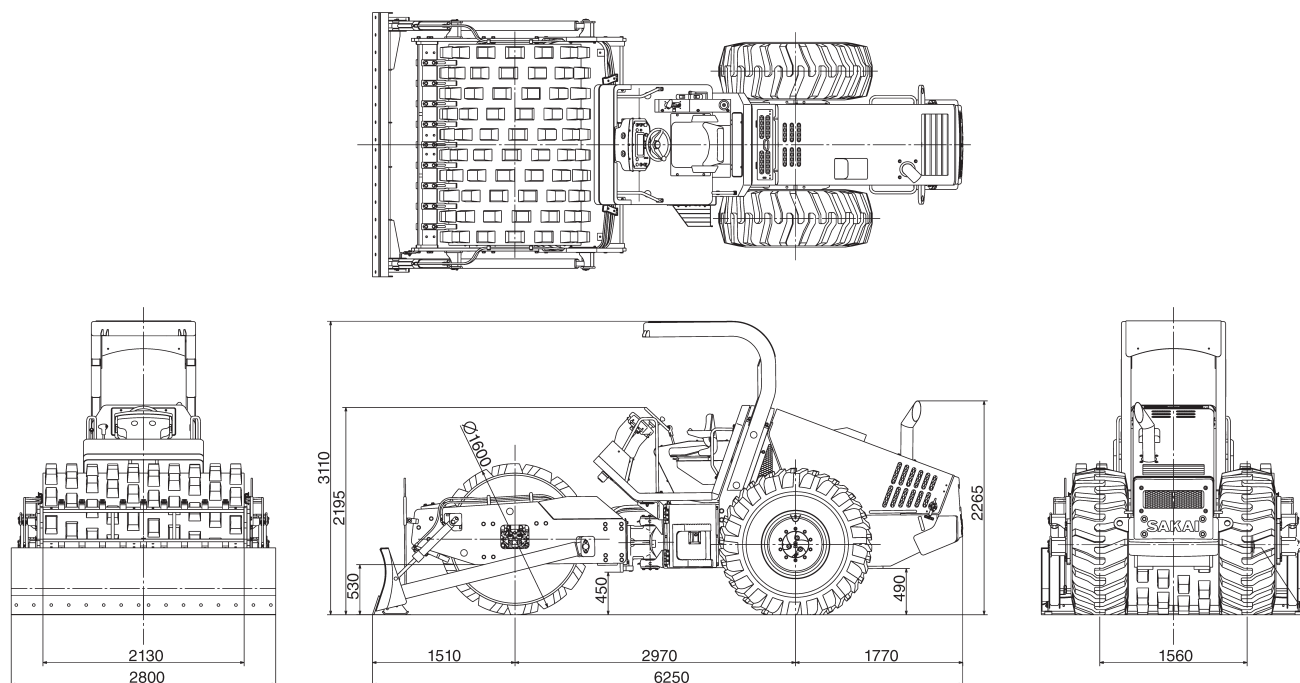


<b>Model</b>	<b>SV540TF</b>		<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
<b>Weight:</b>			Frequency	33.3 Hz{2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz{1,700 vpm}
Gross weight	13,350 kg (29,430 lbs)		Centrifugal force	172 kN(38,666 lbs)	255 kN(57,324 lbs)
On front axle	8,120 kg (17,900 lbs)				
On rear axle	5,230 kg (11,530 lbs)				
<b>Dimension:</b>			Gradability	46% (25°)	
Overall length	5,840 mm (230")		Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Overall width	2,295 mm ( 90")		Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
Overall height	3,115 mm (123")		<b>Engine:</b>		
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")		Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo chager	
Wheel			Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Front	Roll (dia. x width)		Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Smooth	1,650 x 2,130 mm (65" x 84")		Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
Pad	1,600 x 2,130 mm (63" x 84")				
Rear	Tire				
	23.1- 26 - 10 PR (OR)				
<b>Performance:</b>			<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Travel speed			Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
	1st 0 - 6 km/h ( 0 - 3.7 mile/h )		Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	
	2nd 0 - 10 km/h ( 0 - 6.2 mile/h )				

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

### (5) SV540TB



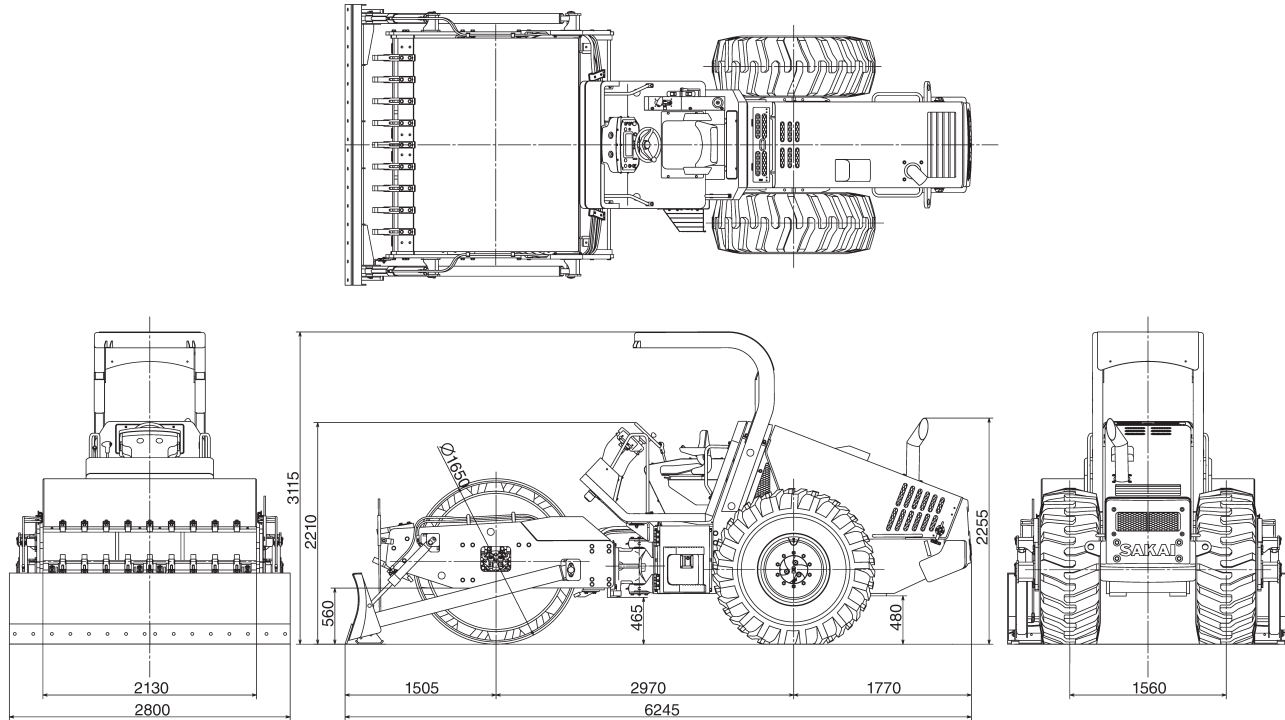
Model	SV540TB	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	11,770 kg (25,950 lbs)	
On front axle	6,760 kg (14,905 lbs)	
On rear axle	5,010 kg (11,045 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	6,250 mm (246")	
Overall width	2,800 mm (110")	
Overall height	3,110 mm (122")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Pad	1,600 x 2,130 mm (63" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1-26-10 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0 – 6 km/h (0 – 3.7 mile/h)	
	2nd 0 – 10 km/h (0 – 6.2 mile/h)	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz{2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz{1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN{38,666 lbs}	255 kN{57,324 lbs}
Gradability	58% (30°)	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>		
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.



## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

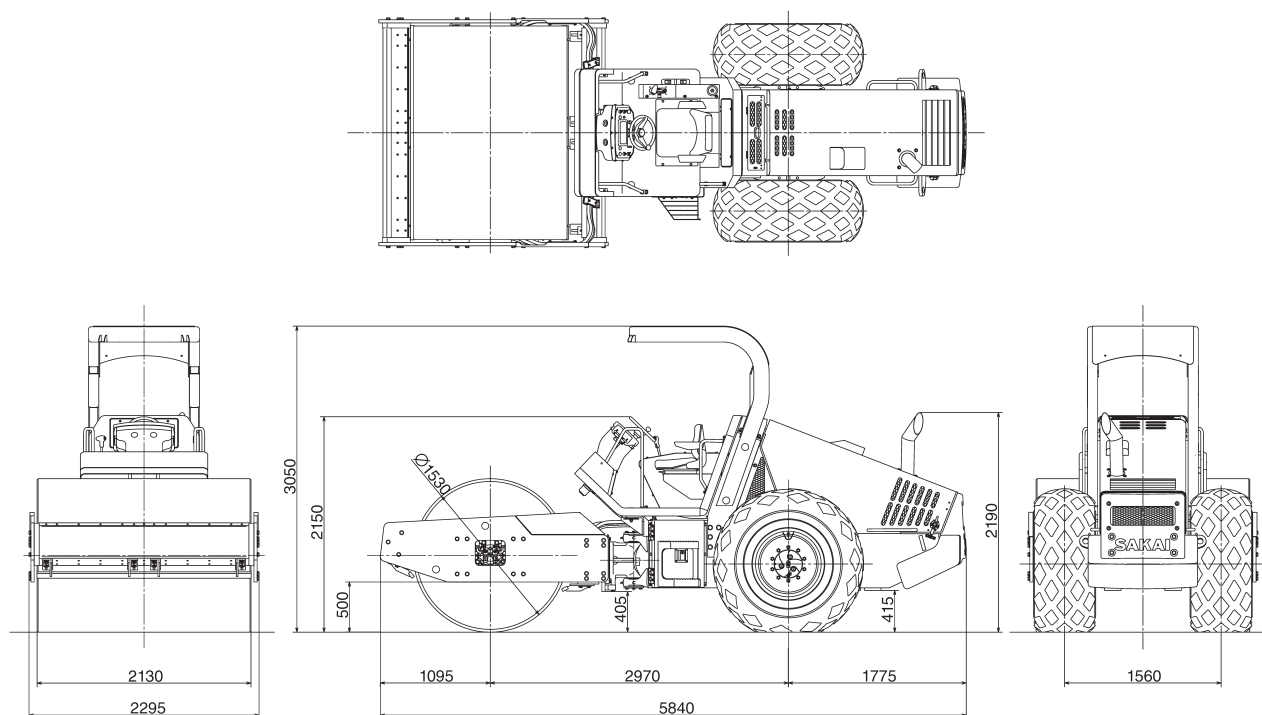
### (6) SV540FB



<b>Model</b>	<b>SV540FB</b>	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	14,035 kg (30,940 lbs)	
On front axle	9,040 kg (19,930 lbs)	
On rear axle	4,995 kg (11,010 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	6,245 mm (246")	
Overall width	2,800 mm (110")	
Overall height	3,110 mm (122")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Pad	1,600 x 2,130 mm (63" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1-26-10 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0-6 km/h (0-3.7 mile/h)	
	2nd 0-10 km/h (0-6.2 mile/h)	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz{2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz{1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN(38,666 lbs)	255 kN(57,324 lbs)
Gradability	43% (23°)	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo charger	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

(7) SV640D

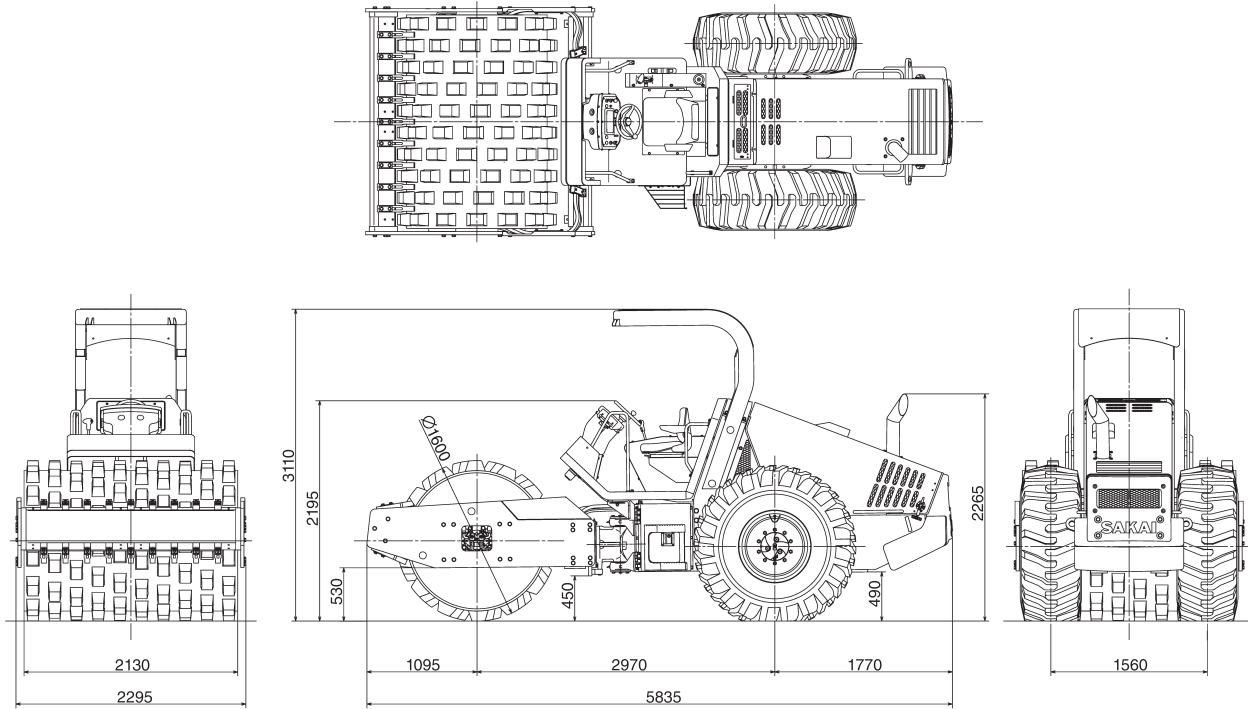


Model	SV640D	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	13,150 kg (28,990 lbs)	
On front axle	7,150 kg (15,760 lbs)	
On rear axle	6,000 kg (13,230 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	5,840 mm (230")	
Overall width	2,295 mm ( 90")	
Overall height	3,050 mm (120")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Smooth	1,530 x 2,130 mm (60" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1- 26 - 8 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0 - 6 km/h ( 0 - 3.7 mile/h )	
	2nd 0 - 10 km/h ( 0 - 6.2 mile/h )	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz {2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz {1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN (38,666 lbs)	255 kN (57,324 lbs)
Gradability	50% (27°)	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>		
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo chager	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

## 4. SPECIFICATIONS

### (8) SV640T



Model	SV640T	
<b>Weight:</b>		
Gross weight	13,525 kg (29,820 lbs)	
On front axle	7,485 kg (16,500 lbs)	
On rear axle	6,040 kg (13,320 lbs)	
<b>Dimension:</b>		
Overall length	5,835 mm (230")	
Overall width	2,295 mm ( 90")	
Overall height	3,110 mm (122")	
Wheelbase	2,970 mm (117")	
Wheel		
Front	Roll (dia. x width)	
Pad	1,600 x 2,130 mm (63" x 84")	
Rear	Tire	
	23.1 – 26 – 10 PR (OR)	
<b>Performance:</b>		
Travel speed	1st 0 – 6 km/h ( 0 – 3.7 mile/h )	
	2nd 0 – 10 km/h ( 0 – 6.2 mile/h )	
<b>Vibrating power:</b>	Low	High
Frequency	33.3 Hz{2,000 vpm}	28.3 Hz{1,700 vpm}
Centrifugal force	172 kN(38,666 lbs) {17,500kgf}	255 kN(57,324 lbs) {26,000kgf}
Gradability	46% (25° )	
Rolling width	2,130 mm (84")	
Minimum turning radius	5.6 m (221")	
<b>Engine:</b>		
Model	CUMMINS "QSB4.5" Diesel Engine with turbo chager	
Total displacement	4.460 litres (271.7 cu.in)	
Rated output	119kW {160HP} / 2,200min <sup>-1</sup>	
Max. torque	624 N·m / 1,500 min <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Tank capacity:</b>		
Fuel tank	265 litres (70 gal)	
Hydraulic oil tank	50 litres (13 gal)	

**NOTE:** Gradability is the calculated value. It may vary with ground surface conditions.

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